# Welcome back!!



# Warm-up

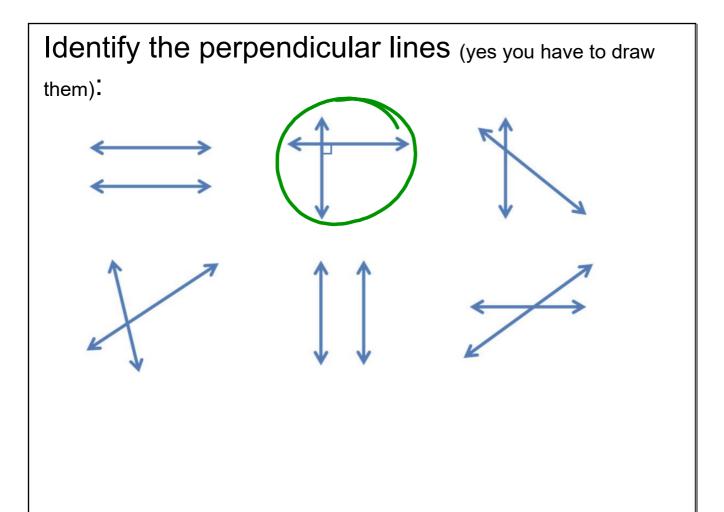
# **LET'S THINK!**

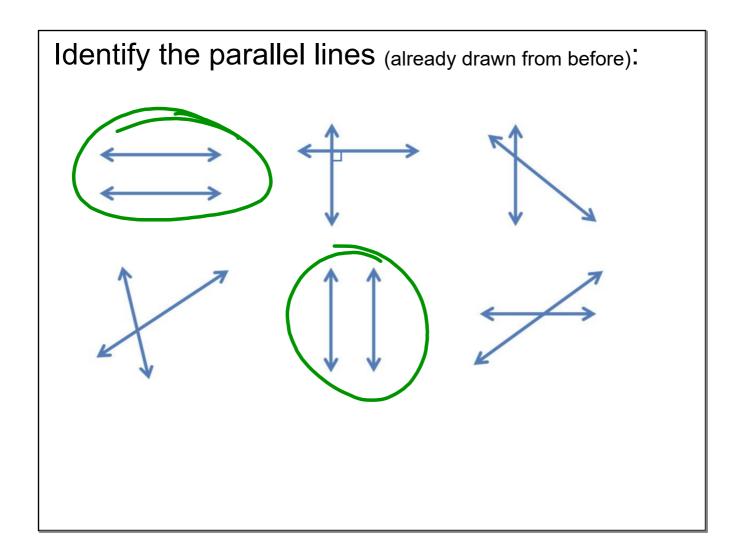
- 1) What do you think it means for 2 lines to be *parallel?*
- 2) What do you think it means for 2 lines to be *perpendicular?*

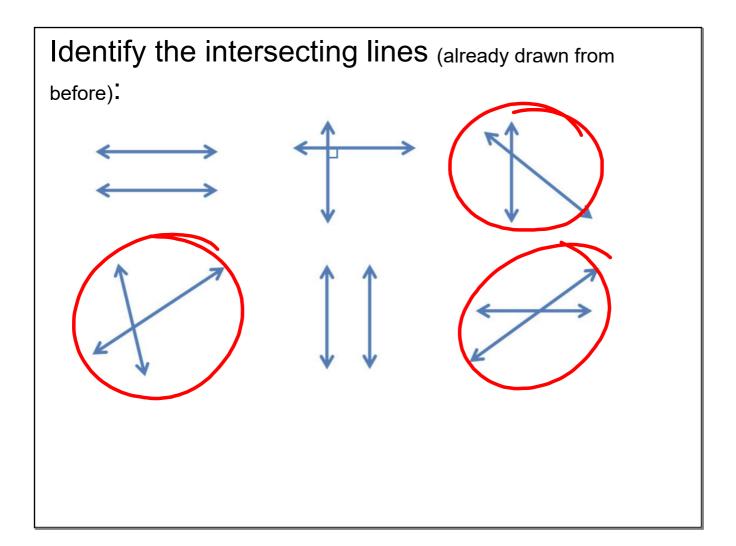


- **Parallel Line Segments**: Line segments that never meet, no matter how far they are extended. They are always the same distance apart.
- **Perpendicular Line Segments**: Line segments that intersect at a right angle (90 degrees).
- Intersecting Line Segments: When any two lines meet at one common point.

  NOTE: they do not intersect at 90 degrees.







# How to draw parallel lines:

### 1. Start with a Reference Line

> Use a ruler to draw a straight line segment on the paper. This will be your first (reference) line.

### 2. Mark Two Points Above or Below the Line

> Choose a distance (e.g., 2 cm). Use the ruler to mark two points above or below the line at this exact distance. Place the marks near the endpoints of the original line.

#### 3. Connect the Points

- > Align your ruler with the two points you marked.
- > Draw a straight line through these points. This line is parallel to the first one.

## 4. Verify the Lines are Parallel

> Use the ruler to measure the distance between the two lines at several points. The distance should remain constant

# How to draw perpendicular lines:

#### 1. Start with a Reference Line

> Use a ruler to draw a straight line segment on the paper. This will be your first (reference) line.

#### 2. Mark a Point on the Line

Choose any point on the reference line where you want the perpendicular line to intersect. Mark it clearly.

## 3. Align the Ruler Perpendicularly

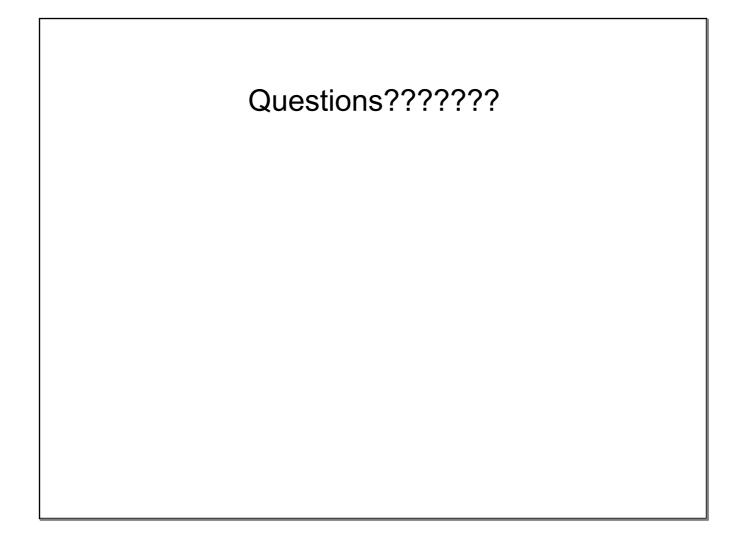
- > Place the ruler so it forms a right angle (90°) with the reference line at the marked point. To ensure accuracy:
- > Use graph paper, aligning the ruler with the grid lines.
- > Alternatively, use a protractor to confirm the 90° angle.

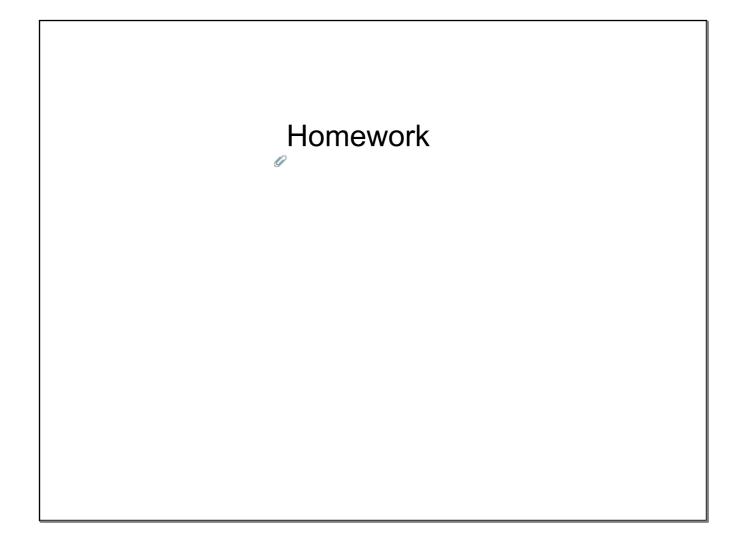
## 4. Draw the Perpendicular Line

> Using the ruler, draw a straight line through the marked point, extending it above and below the reference line.

## 5. Verify the Perpendicular Angle

> If using graph paper, check that the lines align with the grid at 90°. If using a protractor, measure to confirm the angle.





Identify Line Segment Work 1.pdf