

Warm-Up

Date: 04.18

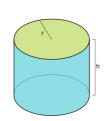


4.
$$3 \times 12 = 36$$

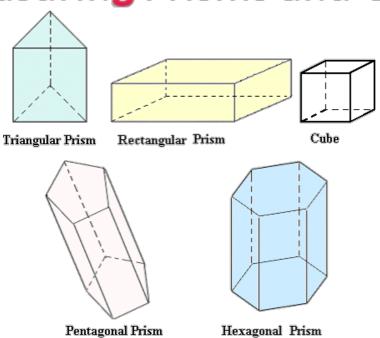
2.
$$7 \times 30 = 210$$

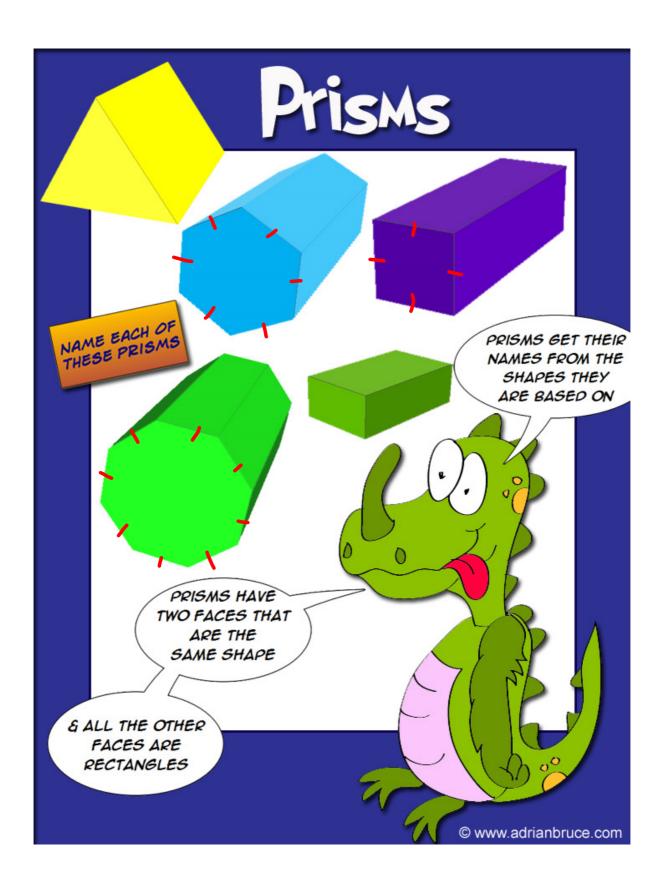
5.
$$45 \times 2 = 90$$

Unit 4



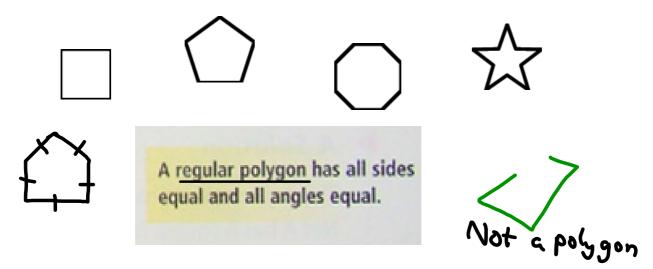
Measuring Prisms and Cylinders



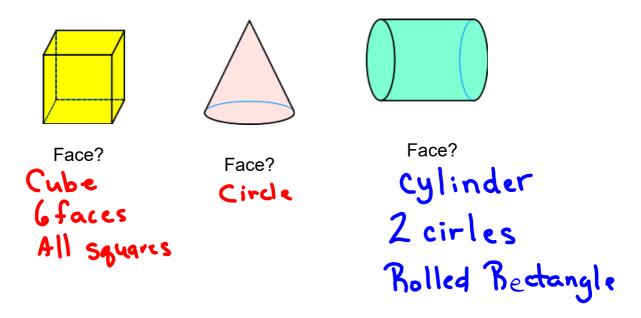


Draw and Construct Nets for 3D Objects.

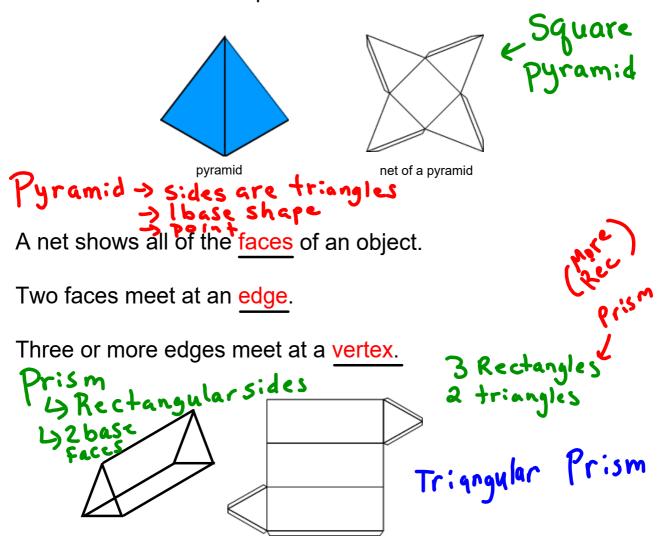
Polygon - a closed shape that consists of line segments

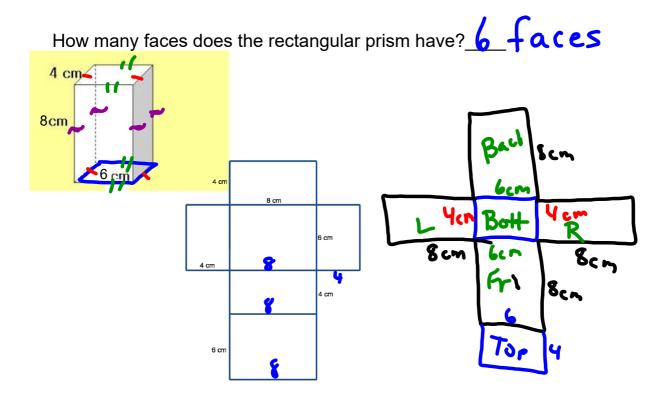


Polyhedron - an object with faces that are polygons



Net - is a 2D representation of a 3D object that can be folded to recreate the shape.

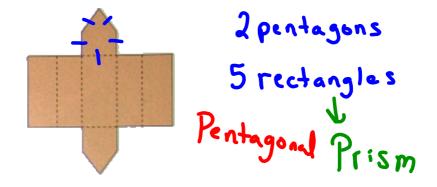


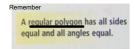


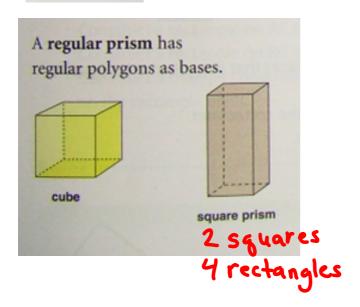
A prism has 2 congruent bases and is named for its bases.

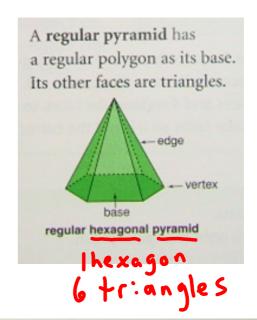
When all its faces, other than the bases, base are rectangles and they are perpendicular to the bases, the prism is called a right prism.

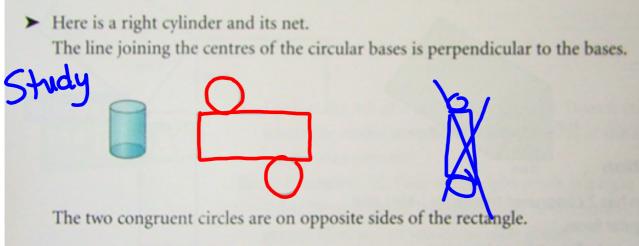
Here is a right pentagonal prism and its net.



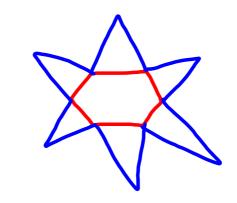




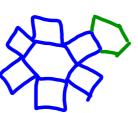


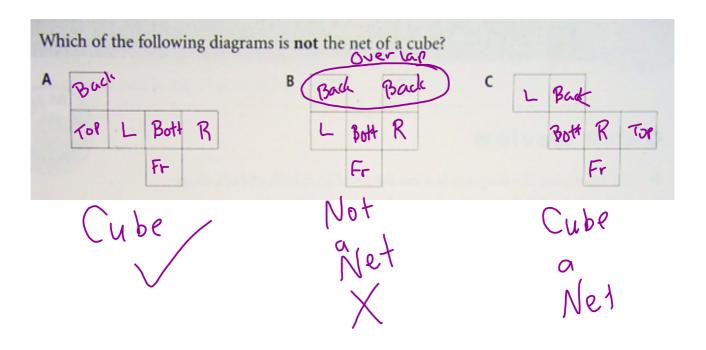


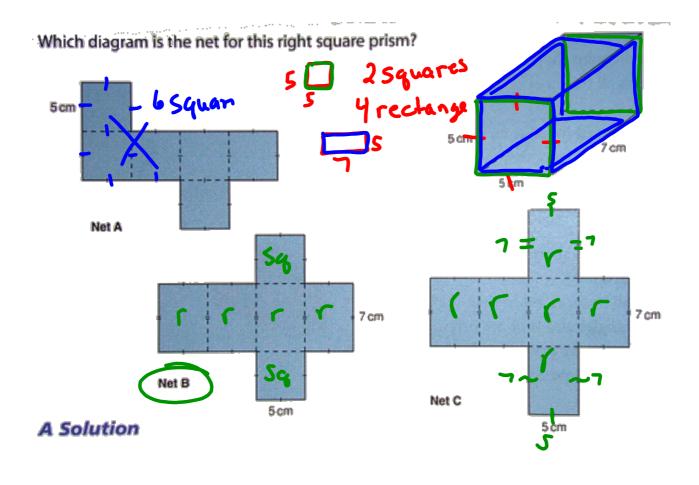
Net of hexagonal Pyramil



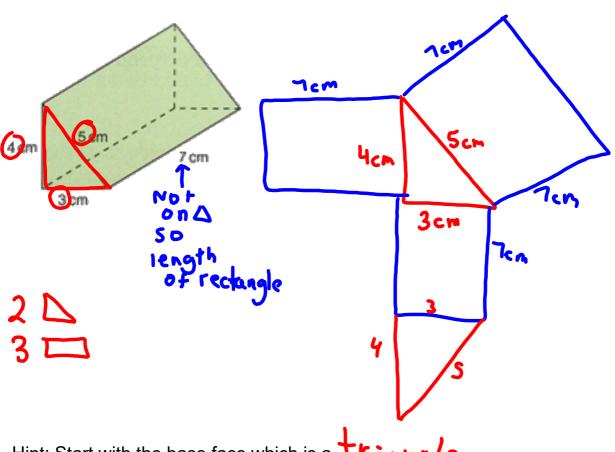
hexagonal Prism ->







Draw a net of this right triangular prism.



Hint: Start with the base face which is a triangle



