Chapter 4 Linear Relations

Warm-Up

What you already know....

Find the value of P when n=1

A. P= 2n
$$= 2(1)$$

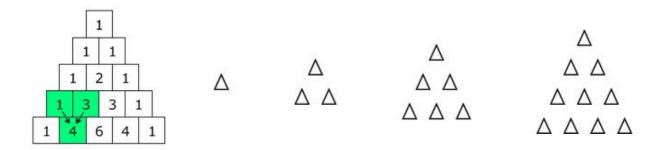
$$= 2$$

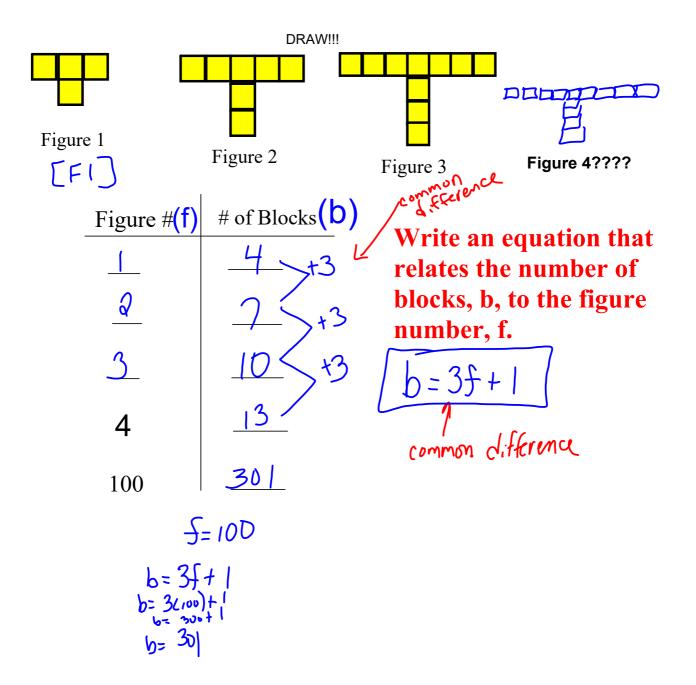
B. P=2n-2 C. P=4n+6

$$f: a(1)-2$$
 - $4(1)+$
 $= 2-2$ $p=4+6$
 $f=0$ $f=10$

$$P=2n-2$$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)+6$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)+6$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)+6$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)+6$
 $f: a(1)-2$
 $f: a(1)+6$

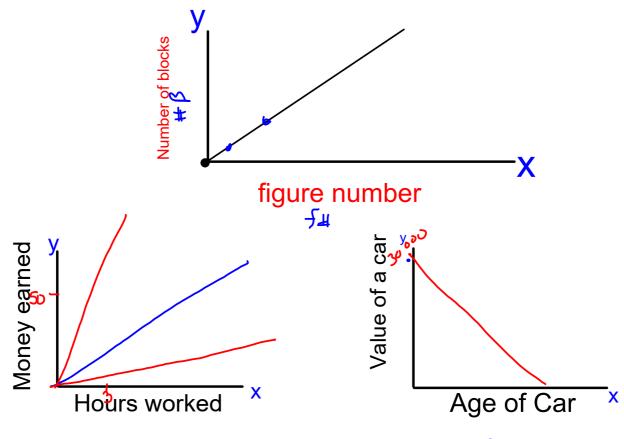
Let's Explore Patterns...





Linear relation

- When graphed will be a straight line.
- A constant change in one quantity produces a constant change in the related quantity.



As hours worked increases the money earned increases

Positive Relationship*

As the age of the car increases the value of the car decreases

Negative Relationship

Patterns in a Table of Values

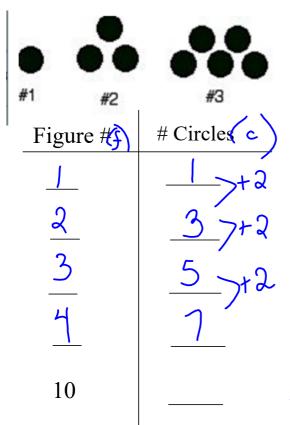
In a table of values, suppose the numbers in the first column increase by the same amount.

• If the differences between consecutive numbers in the second column are constant, the relationship is LINEAR.

1) Write the equation

$$y=5x+5$$

2) Describe the relationship.



<u>f</u>



1. Write an equation that relates the number of circles, c, to the figure number, f.

2. Describe the relationship.

3. How many circles in figure #10

4. If you have 51 circles what

figure number are you at.