

Warm Up Grade 8

May 20, 2019



A bag contains 7 orange marbles, 5 blue marbles and 3 green marbles and 2 purple

1) Tim removes 1 marble without looking record the colour, then return the marble to the bag and flips a coin.

a) What is the probability the he picks a 3 blue marbles ?

$$P(b, b, b) = \frac{5}{17} \times \frac{5}{17} \times \frac{5}{17} = \frac{125}{4913}$$

b) What is the probability to pick any color then the same color? (two of the same marbles)

$$P(\text{any, same}) = P\left(\frac{17}{17}\right) \times P\left(\frac{1}{17}\right) = \frac{17}{289} \times \frac{1}{17}$$

2)

a) What is the probability of picking 3 marbles and all are not blue?

$$P = \binom{\text{Not } B \text{ Not } B \text{ Not } B}{B \quad B \quad B} \\ P = \frac{12}{17} \times \frac{12}{17} \times \frac{12}{17} = \frac{1728}{4913}$$

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1. Words suggesting Independent Events:

return, replace

$$2. P(8) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(\text{not } 8) = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Prob(8) and Prob(not 8) has to be 1.

$$3. P(\text{blue}) = \frac{1}{2} \quad P(T) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(\text{blue and } T) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$b) P(\text{BorG}) = 1 \quad P(H) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(\text{BorG and } H) = 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$4. a) P(\text{red}) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Prob}(\text{red and red}) &= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{red}) \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ &= \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$$

$$b) P(\text{1st red and 2nd Black})$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{black}) \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} \\ &= \frac{2}{9} \end{aligned}$$

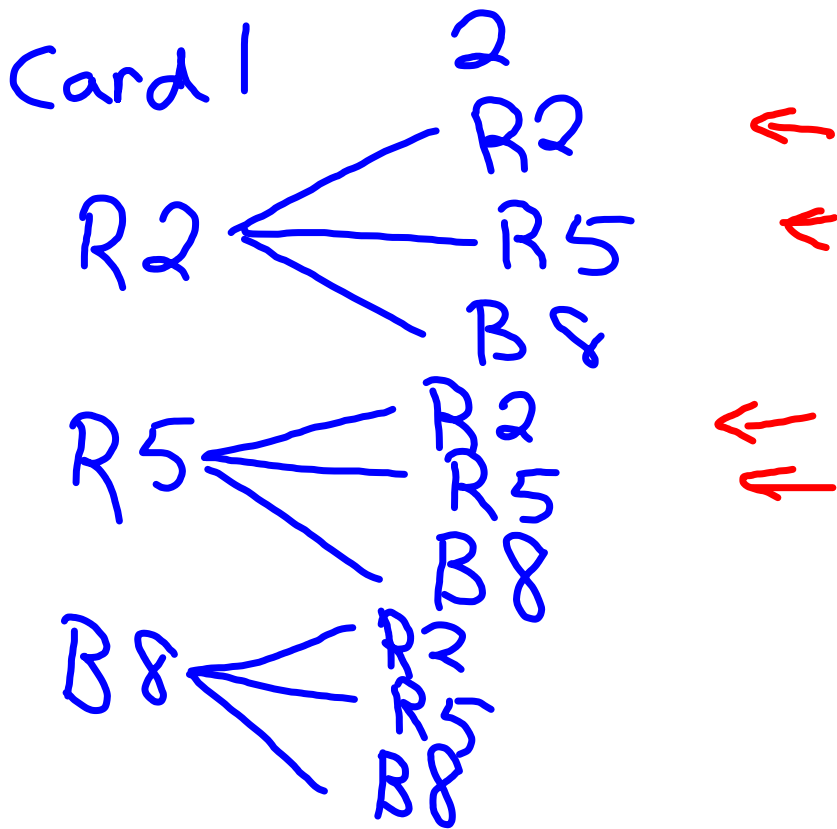
$$\begin{aligned} c) \text{Prob}(\text{both even}) &= P(\text{even}) \times P(\text{even}) \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ &= \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$$

$$d) \text{Prob}(\text{sum greater 8})$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2, 8 \\ 5, 8 \\ 8, 8 \\ 5, 5 \end{array} \right\} 4 \text{ favorable outcomes}$

Possible outcomes
 $3 \times 3 = 9$

$$P(\text{sum} > 8) = \frac{4}{9}$$



$$\begin{aligned} 5. \\ a) P(G \text{ and } 2) &= P(G) \times P(2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} \\ &= \frac{1}{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) P(\text{red and even}) &= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{even}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{5} \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \text{ or } \frac{2}{10} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) P(\text{green and prime}) &= P(\text{green}) \times P(\text{prime}) \\ &= \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{10} \\ &= \frac{3}{25} \end{aligned}$$

Spinner	Counter	Outcomes
1	R	1R
2	G R	2G 2R
3	G R G	3R 3G
4	G R G G	4R 4G
5	G R G G G	5R 5G

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{6 a) } P(\text{blue spotted, then solid red}) \\
 & = P(B_s) \times P(S_r) \\
 & = \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} \\
 & = \frac{3}{100}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{b) } P(\text{red then spotted}) \\
 & = P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{spotted}) \\
 & = \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} \\
 & = \frac{15}{100} \text{ or } \frac{3}{20}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{c) } P(\text{striped, then solid blue}) \\
 & = P(\text{striped}) \times P(\text{blue solid}) \\
 & = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{10} \\
 & = \frac{3}{100}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{d) } P(\text{blue or red sector, then spotted}) \\
 & = P(\text{blue or red}) \times P(\text{spotted}) \\
 & = \frac{8}{10} \times \frac{3}{10} \\
 & = \frac{24}{100} \text{ or } \frac{6}{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{7. Prob}(6 \text{ and } 6) &= P(6) \times P(6) \\
 &= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \\
 &= \frac{1}{36}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b) } P(6 \text{ then } 4) &= P(6) \times P(4) \\
 &= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} \\
 &= \frac{1}{36}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) } P(\text{not } 4 \text{ then even}) &= P(\text{not } 4) \times P(\text{even}) \\
 &= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{6} \\
 &= \frac{15}{36} \text{ or } \frac{5}{12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d) } P(\text{even then odd}) &= P(\text{even}) \times P(\text{odd}) \\
 &= \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{6} \quad \text{or } \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \\
 &= \frac{9}{36} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{1}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

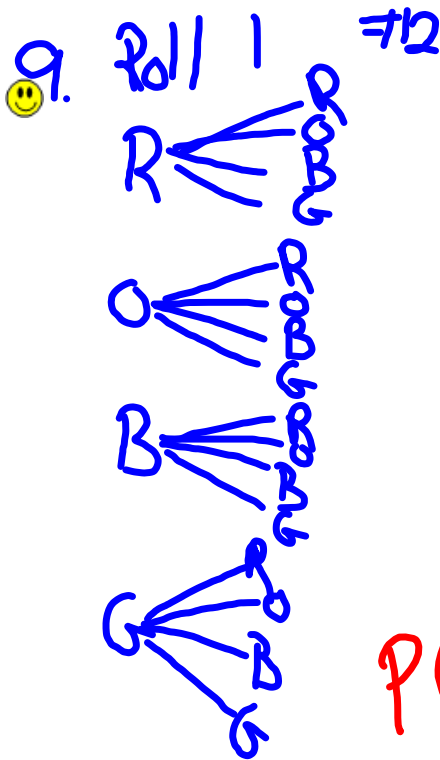
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{e) } P(\text{greater than } 3, \text{ then less than } 4) & \\
 P(>3) \times P(<4) & \\
 \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{6} & \\
 \frac{9}{36} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4} &
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8 \text{ a) Prob}(6 \text{ and spade}) &= P(6) \times P(\text{spade}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{4} \\
 &= \frac{1}{24}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(i) Prob(not 4 and ace)} &= P(\text{not 4}) \times P(A) \\
 &= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{4}{52} \\
 &= \frac{20}{312} \\
 &= \frac{5}{78}
 \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c) Prob}(AS \text{ and } 5) &= P(AS) \times P(5) \\
 &= \frac{1}{52} \times \frac{1}{6} \\
 &= \frac{1}{312}
 \end{aligned}$$



4 ways to get the same colour out of 16 possibilities

$$\frac{4}{16} \text{ or } \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &P(\text{1st colour and 2nd colour the same}) \\
 &= P(\text{1st colour}) \times P(\text{same as 1st}) \\
 &= \frac{4}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} \\
 &= 1 \times \frac{1}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$

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$$\textcircled{10. a) \text{ Prob(black)} = \frac{1}{5}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) Prob (Green and Green)} &= P(G) \times P(G) \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \\ &= \frac{1}{25} \end{aligned}$$

c) Assumption
 → replaced socks after first try

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{11. a) \text{ Prob(2 boys)}} &= P(b) \times P(b) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

b)	1 st	2 nd	
	B	B	BB
	B	G	BG
	G	B	GB
	G	G	GG

$$P(2B) = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{12. a) i) } P(\text{red then yellow}) &= P(r) \times P(y) \\
 &= \frac{6}{12} \times \frac{2}{12} \\
 &= \frac{12}{144} \text{ or } \frac{1}{12}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ii) } P(2 \text{ blue}) &= P(b) \times P(b) \\
 &= \frac{4}{12} \times \frac{4}{12} \\
 &= \frac{16}{144} \quad \text{or } \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} \\
 &= \frac{1}{9} \quad \frac{1}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iii) } P(\text{not blue then yellow}) &= P(\text{not blue}) \times P(y) \\
 &= \frac{8}{12} \times \frac{2}{12} \\
 &= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{6} \\
 &= \frac{2}{18} \text{ or } \frac{1}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) If the marbles are not replaced the events are not independent, therefore you can not use the rule.

Class/Homework

Page 411 -413 #7, #9, #10, #11, #12

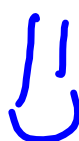
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Worksheets

May 22

Part A Test Tomorrow
8 Multiple Choice



~~33~~ 28

Part B

- 1) 3 thing you can read off of graph or Not
- 2) ~~Which is misleading and why?~~
- 3) Probability using spinners
- 4) Probability of more than one event

42)

$$P(\underline{H} \text{ And } \underline{H} \text{ And } \underline{H}) = P(H) \times P(H) \times P(H) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

