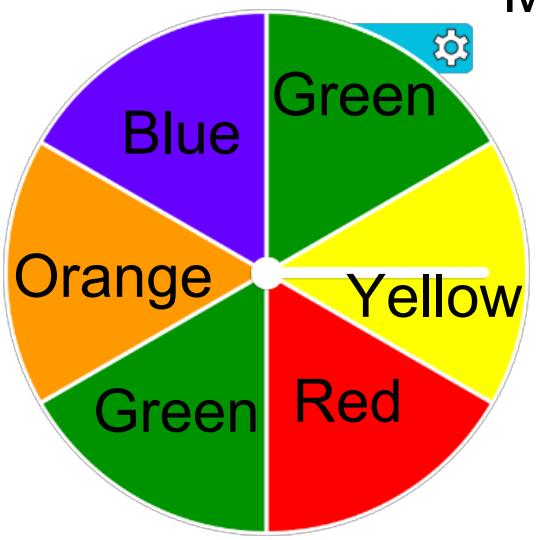
Warm Up Grade 8

May 16, 2019



1) What is the probability of spinning the spinner twice and getting red and a green?

$P(\text{Red and Green}) = P(\text{Red}) \times P(\text{Green})$

$= \frac{\#\text{Red}}{\text{Total}} \times \frac{\#\text{Green}}{\text{Total}}$

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$

$= \frac{2}{36}$

$= \frac{1}{18}$

2) What is the probability of spinning the spinner twice and getting red and a pink?

$P(\text{Red and Pink}) = P(\text{Red}) \times P(\text{Pink})$

$= \frac{\#\text{Red}}{\text{Total}} \times \frac{\#\text{Pink}}{\text{Total}}$

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{0}{6}$

$= \frac{0}{36}$

$= 0$

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1. Words suggesting Independent Events:
return, replace

2. $P(8) = \frac{1}{4}$

$P(\text{not } 8) = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

Prob(8) and Prob(not 8) has to be 1.

3. $P(\text{blue}) = \frac{1}{2}$ $P(T) = \frac{1}{2}$

$P(\text{blue and } T) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{4}$

b) $P(B \text{ or } G) = 1$ $P(H) = \frac{1}{2}$

$P(B \text{ or } G \text{ and } H) = 1 \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{2}$

4. a) $P(\text{red}) = \frac{2}{3}$

$\text{Prob}(\text{red and red}) = P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{red})$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3}$

$= \frac{4}{9}$

b) $P(1^{st}\text{ red and }2^{nd}\text{ Black})$

$= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{black})$

$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}$

$= \frac{2}{9}$

c) $\text{Prob}(\text{both even}) = \text{Prob}(\text{even}) \times \text{Prob}(\text{even})$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3}$

$= \frac{4}{9}$

d) Prob(sum greater 8)

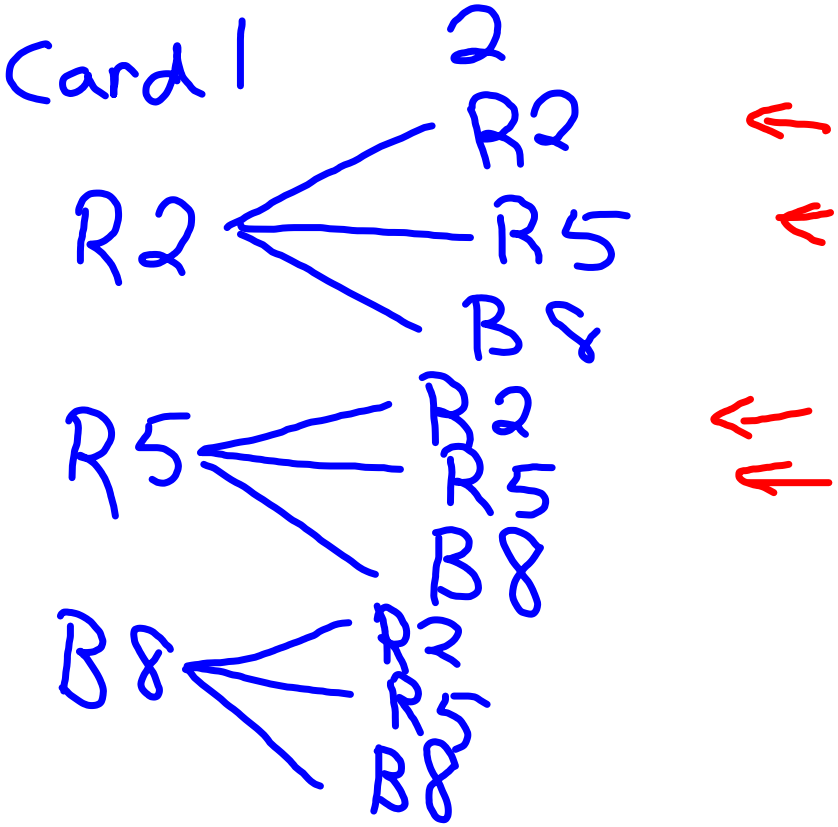
2, 8
5, 8
8, 8
5, 5

} 4 favorable outcomes

Possible outcomes

$3 \times 3 = 9$

$P(\text{Sum} > 8) = \frac{4}{9}$


Card 1
2
R2
R2
R5
B8
R5
R2
R5
B8
B8
R2
R5
B8

5.

a) $P(G \text{ and } 2) = P(G) \times P(2)$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{5}$

$= \frac{1}{10}$

b) $P(\text{red and even}) = P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{even})$

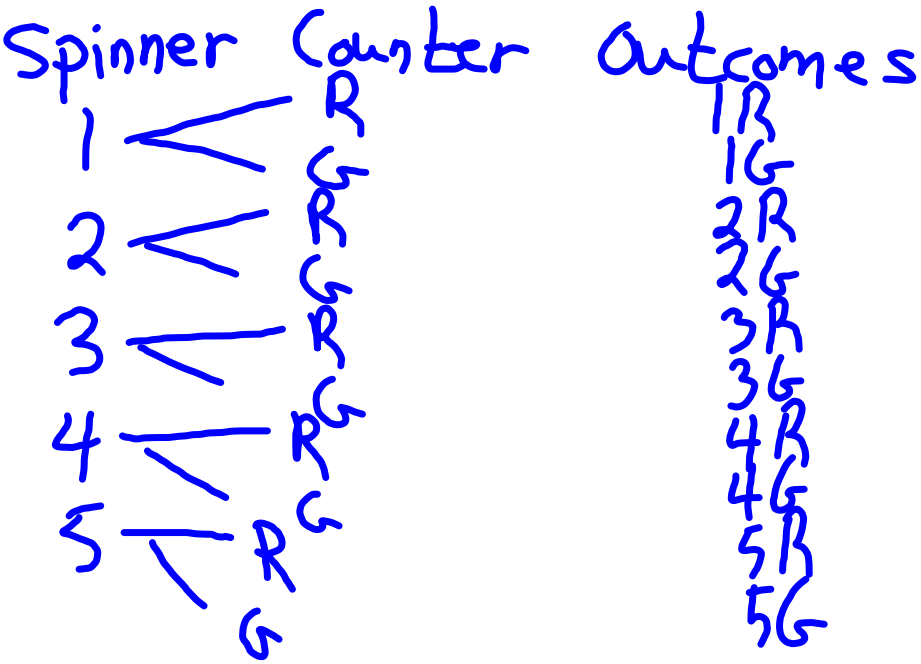
$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{5}$

$= \frac{2}{10}$ or $\frac{1}{5}$

c) $P(\text{green and prime}) = P(\text{green}) \times P(\text{prime})$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{5}$

$= \frac{3}{10}$



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a) P(blue spotted, then solid red)

$= P(Bs) \times P(Sr)$

$= \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{3}{10}$

$= \frac{3}{100}$

b) Prob(Some red then spotted)

$= P(\text{red}) \times P(\text{spotted})$

$= \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{3}{10}$

$= \frac{15}{100}$ or $\frac{3}{20}$

c) Prob(striped, then solid blue)

$= P(\text{striped}) \times P(\text{blue solid})$

$= \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{10}$

$= \frac{3}{100}$

d) P(Some blue or red sector, then spotted)

$P(\text{blue or red}) \times P(\text{spotted})$

$\frac{8}{10} \times \frac{3}{10}$

$\frac{24}{100}$ or $\frac{6}{25}$

7. Prob(6 and 6) = P(6) x P(6)

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$

$= \frac{1}{36}$

b) P(6 then 4) = P(6) x P(4)

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6}$

$= \frac{1}{36}$

c) P(not 4 then even) = P(not 4) x P(even)

$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{6}$

$= \frac{15}{36}$ or $\frac{5}{12}$

d) Prob(even then odd)

= Prob(even) x P(odd)

$= \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{6}$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{9}{36}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

e) P(greater than 3, then less than 4)

P(>3) x P(<4)

$\frac{3}{6} \times \frac{3}{6}$

$\frac{9}{36}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$

8 a) Prob(6 and spade) = P(6) x P(spade)

$= \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{4}$

$= \frac{1}{24}$

ii) Prob(not 4 and ace) = P(not 4) x P(A)

$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{4}{52}$

$= \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{13}$

$= \frac{5}{78}$

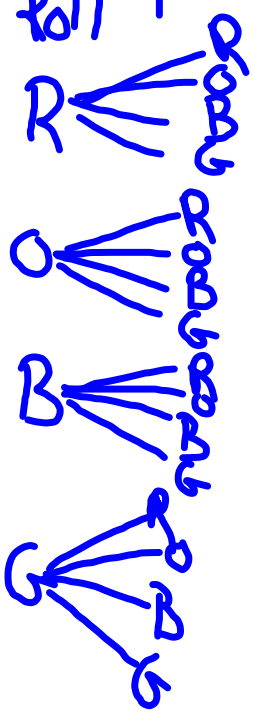
b)

c) Prob(AS and 5) = P(AS) x P(5)

$= \frac{1}{52} \times \frac{1}{6}$

$= \frac{1}{312}$

9. Roll 1 #12



4 ways to get the same colour out of 16 possibilities

$\frac{4}{16}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$

P(1st colour and 2nd colour the same)

= P(1st colour) x P(same as 1st)

= $\frac{4}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{4}$

= 1 x $\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

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10. a) Prob(black) $= \frac{1}{5}$

b) Prob (Green and Green) $= P(G) \times P(G)$

$= \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}$

$= \frac{1}{25}$

c) Assumption

→ replaced sock after first try

11. a) Prob(2 boys) $= P(b) \times P(b)$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{4}$

b)

1st	2nd	
B	B	BB
	G	BG
G	B	GB
	G	GG

$P(2B) = \frac{1}{4}$

12. a) i) P(red then yellow) = P(r) x P(y)

$= \frac{6}{12} \times \frac{2}{12}$

$= \frac{12}{144}$ or $\frac{1}{12}$

ii) P(2 blue) = P(b) x P(b)

$= \frac{4}{12} \times \frac{4}{12}$

$= \frac{16}{144}$

$= \frac{1}{9}$

or $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{1}{9}$

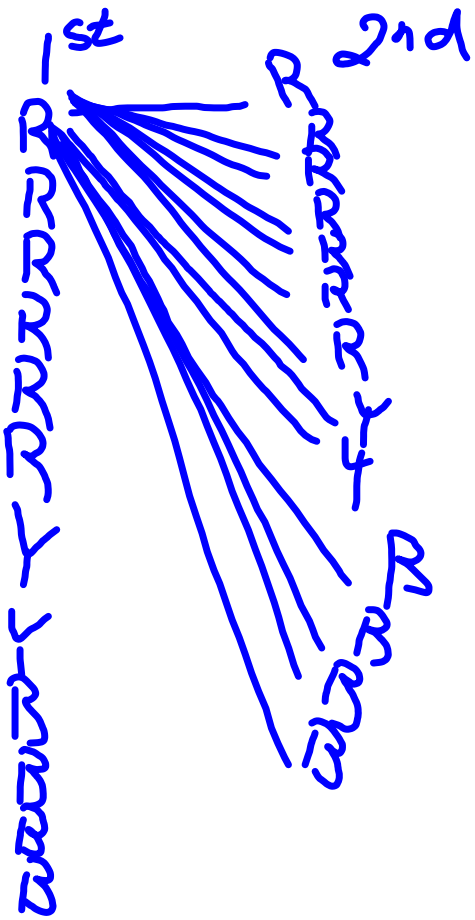
iii) P(not blue, then yellow) = P(not blue) x P(y)

$= \frac{8}{12} \times \frac{2}{12}$

$= \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{6}$

$= \frac{2}{18}$ or $\frac{1}{9}$

b) If the marbles are not replaced the events are not independent, therefore you can not use the rule.



In word problems some words that can be used to suggest an event is INDEPENDENT is:

Replace or returned

$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \times P(B)$

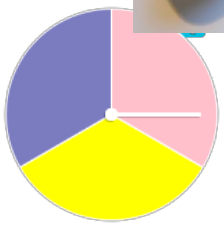
Ex) What is the probability of drawing a 2 from a deck of cards then replacing the card and drawing a red 5 from a deck of cards?

The rule for independent events applies when you have more than 2 events,

$$P(A \text{ and } B \text{ and } C \text{ and } D)$$

$$= P(A) \times P(B) \times P(C) \times P(D)$$

Ex) What is the probability of tossing a head on a coin, rolling a 2 on a die and spinning a spinner that lands on purple?



P(Head AND 2 AND Purple)

= P(H) x P(2) x P(purple)

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{3}$

$= \frac{1}{36}$

A bag contains 3 orange marbles, 4 blue marbles and 5 green marbles.

1) Tim removes 1 marble without looking record the colour, then return the marble to the bag and flips a coin.

a) What is the probability the he picks a blue marble and flips a head?

b) If he were to pick two marbles and flip the coin once then what is the probability that he picks a green and blue marble and flips a tails?

2) Same bag of marbles but picks 3 marbles each time

a) What is the probability of picking 3 marbles and all are not orange?

d) What is the probability of a green, black and orange?

Class/Homework

Page 411 -413 #7, #9, #10, #11, #12

Page 420 #4, #5, #6,#7, ~~#8, #11, #14~~

Page 425 #3, #7,

Test Wednesday May 22

Part A

8 Multiple Choice /33

Part B

1) 3 thing you can read off of graph or Not
2) Which is misleading and Why?
3) Probability using spinners
4) Probability of more than one event

4c)

$P(H \text{ and } H \text{ and } H) = P(H) \times P(H) \times P(H)$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{8}$