

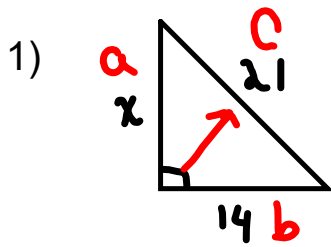


Warm Up

Grade 8



Assessment Review



$$\begin{aligned}
 c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\
 c^2 &= 21^2 + 14^2 \\
 c^2 &= 441 + 196 \\
 c^2 &= 637 \\
 c &= \sqrt{637} \\
 c &\approx 25.2
 \end{aligned}$$

2) Given the integers -2, +10, -7, +3, -8, which two would give the greatest product?

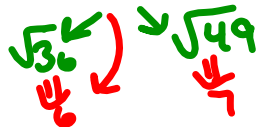
$$(-7) \times (-8) = +56$$

3) find the value of y given $7 + y = 21$

$$y = 14$$

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49

4) Estimate $\sqrt{39}$



$$\approx 6.2$$

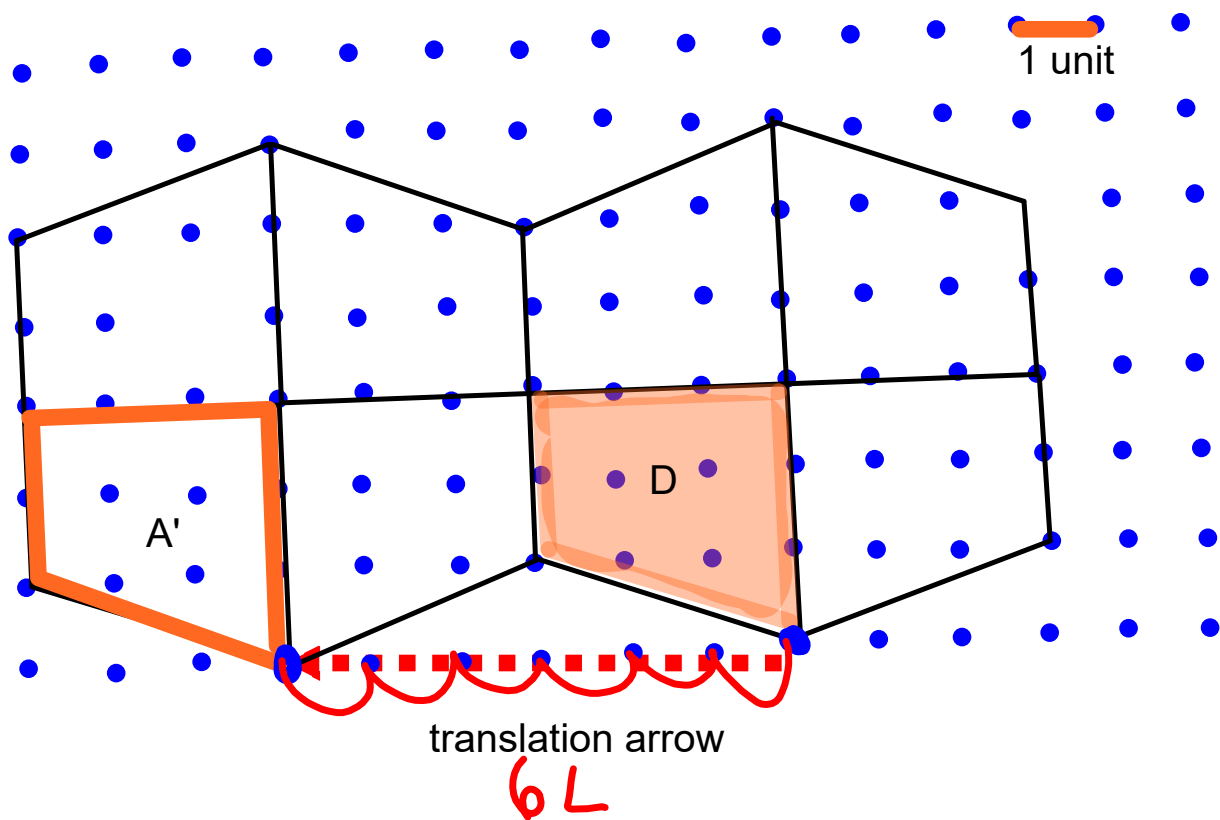
BADMAS

5) Evaluate $(-18) \div (+2) - (+4) \times (+2)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -9 - (+4) \times (+2) \\
 &= -9 - (+8) \\
 &= -9 + (-8) \\
 &= -17
 \end{aligned}$$

Translation- is a slide of a shape in a straight line

- arrow is used to show the movement
- the translated image and the shaded shape are congruent and have the same orientation



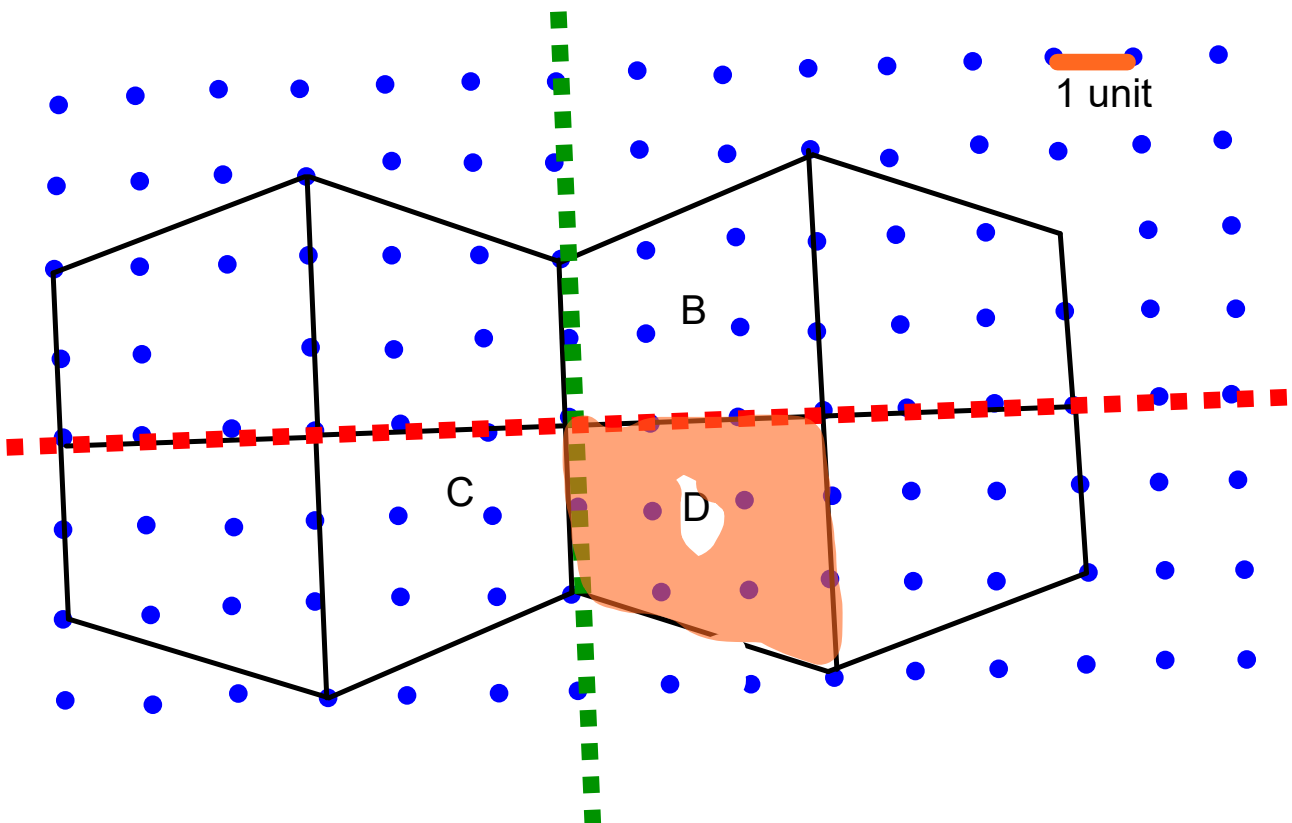
The shaded shape D is translated 6 units left to give translated image A'

Reflection - find horizontal line of reflection (marked with red) *Mirror image*
vertical line

*Shape D is reflected in the red line. Its reflection image is Shape B

- Find vertical line of reflection (marked with green)

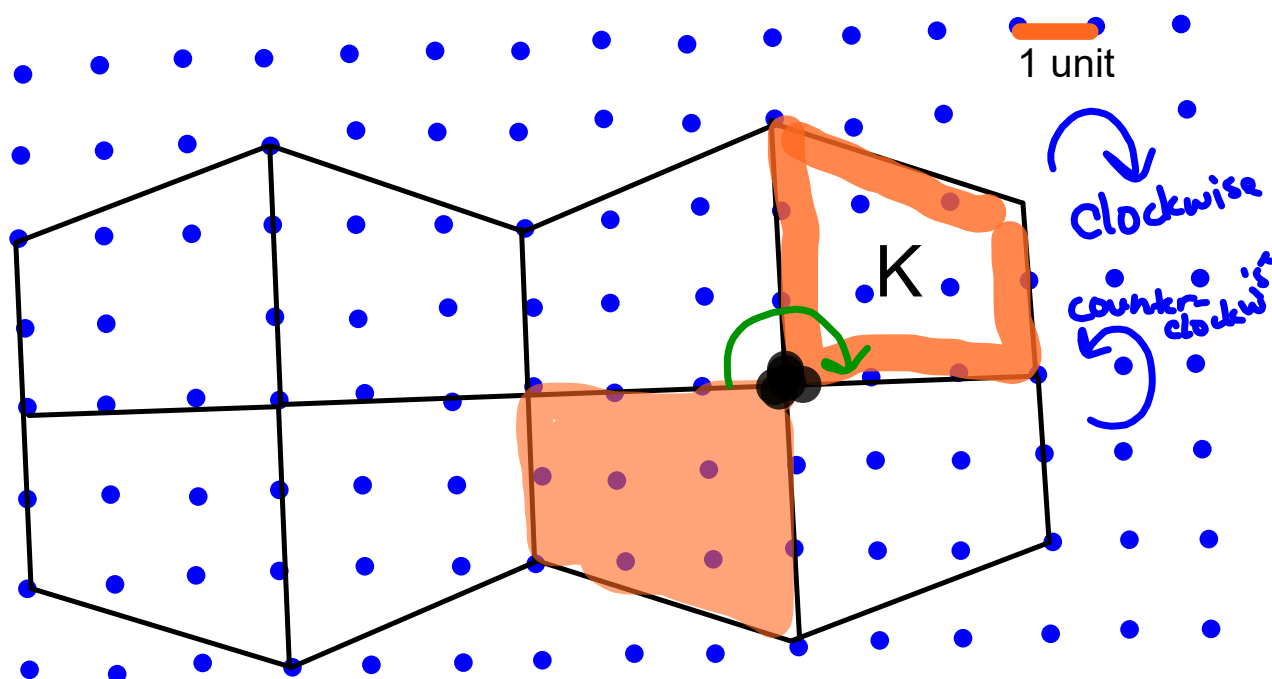
* The shape D is reflected in the green line of reflection. Its reflection image is Shape C



Rotation- need a point of rotation (turn)

- The shaded shape D is rotated 180° clockwise about the point of rotation (marked with a BIG dot). The rotation image is shape K

- rotation image of 180° are congruent

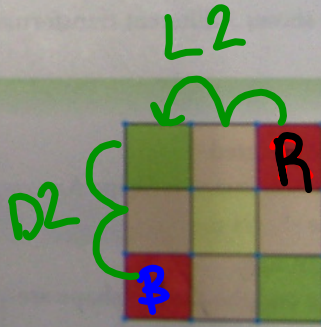


Under any transformation, the original shape and its image are always congruent.

Example 1

Look at this design of squares.
Describe each transformation.

- a) a translation for which Square R is an image of Square B
- b) a reflection for which Square R is an image of Square B



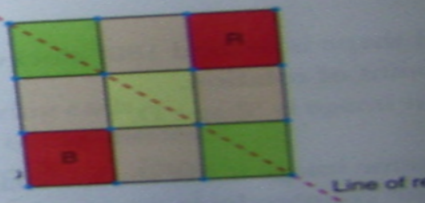
translation
slide

A Solution

- a) Square R is the image of Square B after a translation 2 units right and 2 units up. The translation arrow shows the movement.



Square R is the image of Square B after a reflection in the slanted line. Use a Mira to verify the image.



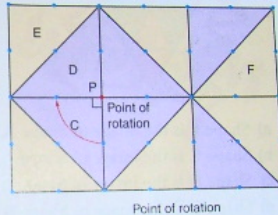
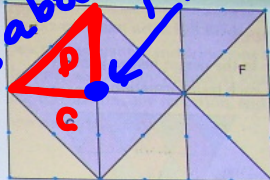
Look at this design of triangles.
Describe each rotation.

- a) a rotation for which Triangle D is an image of Triangle C
- b) a rotation for which Triangle F is an image of Triangle E

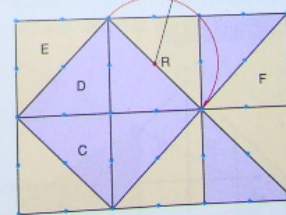
270° clockwise about point E

A Solution

- a) Triangle D is the image of Triangle C after a rotation of 90° clockwise about P. P is a vertex the two triangles share. The same image is also the result of a rotation of 270° counterclockwise about P.
- b) Triangle F is the image of Triangle E after a rotation of 180° about R. The point of rotation, R, is *not* on the shape being rotated.



Solution



Solution

Class/Homework

Look at page 458, 459 Example 1 & 2

Page 460

#5, #6, #7, #8

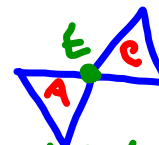
2

5) a) $A \rightarrow B$



Reflection
across horizontal
mirror between AB

b) $A \rightarrow C$



Rotation about point E
 180° (clockwise)