

<b>Polynomial</b>	<b>Classify/type</b>	<i>* in front of variable</i>	<i>highest exponent</i>	<i>just a number</i>
	Monomial, Binomial [1 term] [2 terms] or Trinomial? [3 terms]			
A. $-3x^3$	monomial	-3	3	none
B. $9r - 7$	binomial	9	1	-7
C. $-3y^2 - 4y + 6$	trinomial	-3, -4	2	6

\* The sign in front of the term

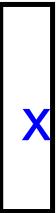
goes with the coefficient or constant \*

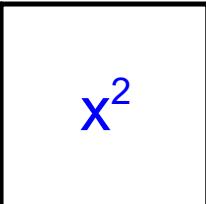
Polynomial	# of Terms	Type	Constant	Highest Degree	Coefficient
A. -4	1	monomial	-4	none	none
B. $-2x+3$	2	binomial	3	1	-2
C. $2x^2-3+4x^3$	3	trinomial	-3	2	2, 4
D. $-6x^1$	1	monomial	none	1	-6

# Algebra Tiles Legend

## Unshaded Positive

 constant

  $x$  degree 1

  $x^2$  degree of 2

*Textbook*  
yellow → positive  
red → negative

## Shaded negative

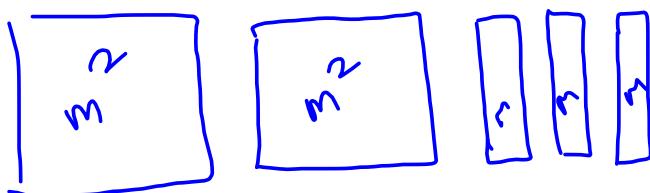
 1

  $-x$

  $-x^2$

## Using algebra tiles model...

$$2m^2 + 3m$$

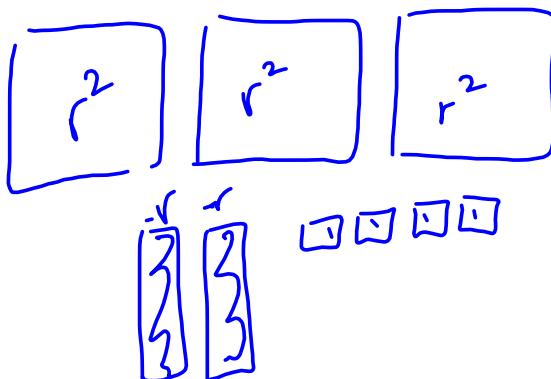


Classify polynomial  
binomial

Degree

2

$$3r^2 - 2r + 4$$



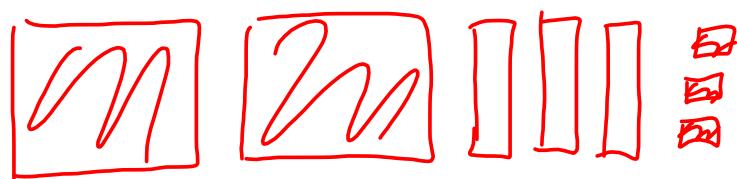
Classify polynomial  
trinomial

Degree

2

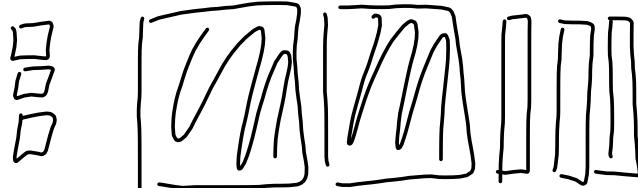
Model

$$-2x^2 + 3x - 3$$



Does order Matter ? Show using algebra tiles.

a)  $3 - 2x^2 + 3x$



b)  $3x + 3 - 2x^2$



\* Rewrite from highest to lowest degree\*

$$-2x^2 + 3x + 3$$

## How are *polynomials* written???

A *polynomial* is usually written in *descending* order by degree!

Highest  $\rightarrow$  lowest

Write in descending order:

$$-2x^3 + 4x - 6x^2 + 4$$

$$-2x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$2x^2 - x + 7$$

1. Identify the following:

- a. constant
- b. variable[s]
- c. type
- d. coefficient[s]
- e. degree

2. Model using algebra tiles

Which is not a polynomial

## Page 214 #4. a) $2t^3n \rightarrow yes$

4, 5, 6 [chart], 7....copy the question then answer

8 ...rearrange in descending order first

9 [use a chart]

11

12 write the polynomial then draw matching algebra tiles

13 a,c,e

Page 501-502 |  
Answers .