## Levels of Ecological Organization

The levels of organization studied by ecologists are organisms, species, populations, communities, ecosystems, biomes and finally the biosphere.

- **Organism** an individual living thing.
- **Species** group of individuals that are closely related and can mate to produce fertile offspring.

(don't have to be in the same place)

- **Population** all the members of the same species that live in the same place at the same time.
- **Community** a group of various species that live in the same place and interact with each other.
- Ecosystem a collection of all the organisms that live in a particular place together with their nonliving, or physical environment
- <u>biome</u> a group of terrestrial communities that covers a large area and is characterized by certian soil and climate conditions and particular assemblages of plants and animals

## Five Major Types of Biomes

Aquatic Deserts Forests Grasslands Tundra

- biosphere contains the combined portions of the planet in which all life exists, including land, water, and air, or atmosphere.
  - extends from about 8 km above Earth's surface to as far as 11 km below the surface of the ocean