

Animals and Their Adaptations



By:
Hailey M. Tucker

Weasels

~ Weasels are a species with Structural Adaptations.

~In the spring, fall, and summer, their fur coat blends in with the ground.

~In the winter their fur coat turns white so they can blend in with the snow.

~These adaptations help hide the weasel from predators.



Chameleons

~Chameleons also have structural adaptations.

~However, a chameleon's colour

does not change with the seasons, it changes on a regular basis.

~Wherever a chameleon goes it camouflages itself to blend in with its surroundings to hide from predators.



Black Bears

~Black bears are a species with

Physiological adaptations.

~During the winter their bodies can not handle the low temperatures.

~In the fall bears begin stocking up on food so they can hibernate all winter.



Groundhogs

- ~ Groundhogs have physiological adaptations as well.
- ~ Throughout the winter, groundhogs are seen because they are hibernating.



Lice

~Lice are a species with behavioural adaptations.

~ They are parasitic, they survive by feasting on other species.



Roundworms

~ Roundworms also obtain behavioural adaptations.

~ This species most commonly nests in the small intestine of other species, categorizing it as a parasite.

