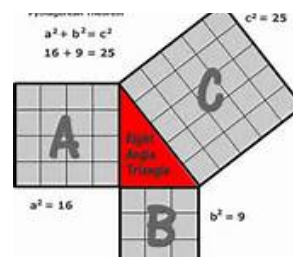


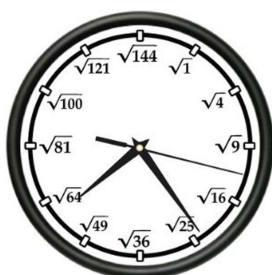


Math 8
Oct. 25, 2018

Before we start
Unit 1:



Square Roots & Pythagorean Theorem



2^3



Exponents

★ Exponents are shorthand for repeated multiplication:

Ex) $(5) \times (5) = 5^2$, $(5) \cdot (5) \cdot (5) = 5^3$.

25 125

★ The "exponent" stands for however many times the term is being multiplied.

Exponent

5^3 (3 times) $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$

★ The term that's being multiplied is called the "base".

Base $\rightarrow 5^3$

Given 4^3 , 4 is called the base and 3 is the exponent

★ Together, 4^3 is called a **power**.

$4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$



4^3 means $4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$.

$4 \times 4 \times 4$ is the expanded form. (repeated \times)

64 is the standard form. (answer off calculator)

4^3 is the exponential form (or the power).

The base is what you are multiplying by, and the exponent tells you how many times to multiply it.

Exponential

Expanded

Standard

$$2^5 \text{ means } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ means } 3 \times 3 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$8^{\square} \text{ means } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 4096$$

Evaluate the following(Show all work)

$$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$$

base 6

exponent 4

power 6^4

← # being Repeated
← how many times
it is repeated



Calculator Button


 x^y

or

 \wedge

or

 y^x
 \square^\square
 x^\square

So for 5^3

 $5 x^y 3$
 $5 \wedge 3$
 $5 y^x 3$
 $= 125$

x^2 is a special button that squares a #

(means times the number by itself)

$$3^2 = 3 \times 3 = 9$$

 x^2

$$4^3 = \underbrace{4 \times 4}_{16} \times 4 = 64$$

$$8^4 = 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 = 4096$$

Homework

*

bottom

top

*

- x - x - x -

Answer on Cal

	Power	Base	Exponent	Exponential Form	Expanded Form	Standard Form
a)	7^3			7^3	$7 \times 7 \times 7$	343
b)	9^4	9	4	9^4	$9 \times 9 \times 9 \times 9$	6561
c)				6^2		
d)					$4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4$	
e)	3^5					
f)		10	4			
g)	5^4					
h)	4^5					
i)					$8 \times 8 \times 8$	
j)				3^9		
k)		8	2			
l)					$5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$	
m)	3^3					
n)		11	2			
o)		6				1296
p)			5			32

Attachments

WS 2.3 Powers.doc