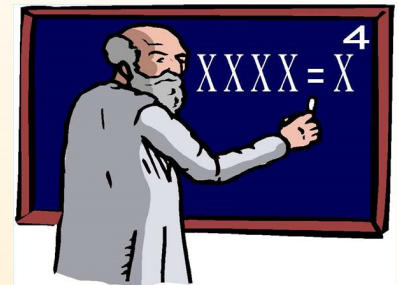
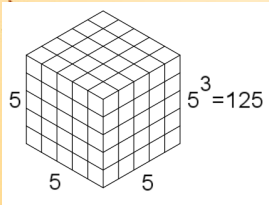


Unit 2

October 1, 2018

$$\begin{aligned}2 \times 2 &= 2^2 = 4 \\2 \times 2 \times 2 &= 2^3 = 8 \\2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 &= 2^4 = 16 \\2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 &= 2^5 = 32 \\2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 &= 2^6 = 64 \\2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 &= 2^7 = 128\end{aligned}$$

Powers and Exponent Laws



A power is a compact [smaller]
way to write a big/small
number.

Instead of saying $4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4$ we say 4^7

Read as 4 to the exponent 7



TERMS TO KNOW:

1. **power**- an expression of the form a^n , where **a** is the base and **n** is the exponent; it represents a product of equal factors; for example,

$$4 \times 4 \times 4 = 4^3$$
$$4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 4^9$$

 y^x

POWER

4³

EXONENT

BASE

125 is the same as 5^3

* 125 is STANDARD FORM [Evaluated Answer]

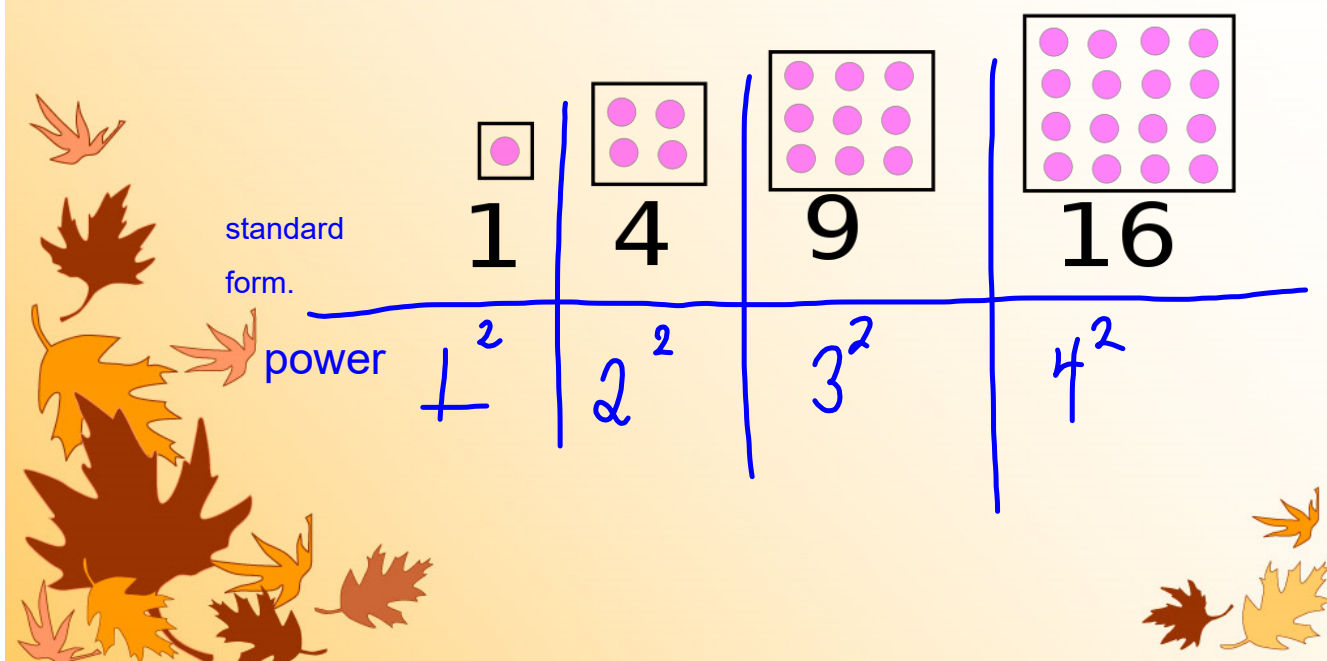
* $5 \times 5 \times 5$ is a REPEATED MULTIPLICATION

* And 5^3 is a Power.

* 5^3 is read as 5 to exponent 3 or 5 cubed

Square Number

- A power with an integer ^{(+) or (-)} base and exponent 2 is a square number.



We can write 4^2 in three ways:

1. Standard form: **16**
2. As repeated multiplication: **4×4**
3. As a power: **4^2**

Cube Number

- A power with an integer base and exponent 3 is a cube number.

Power Standard Form

$$1^3$$

1

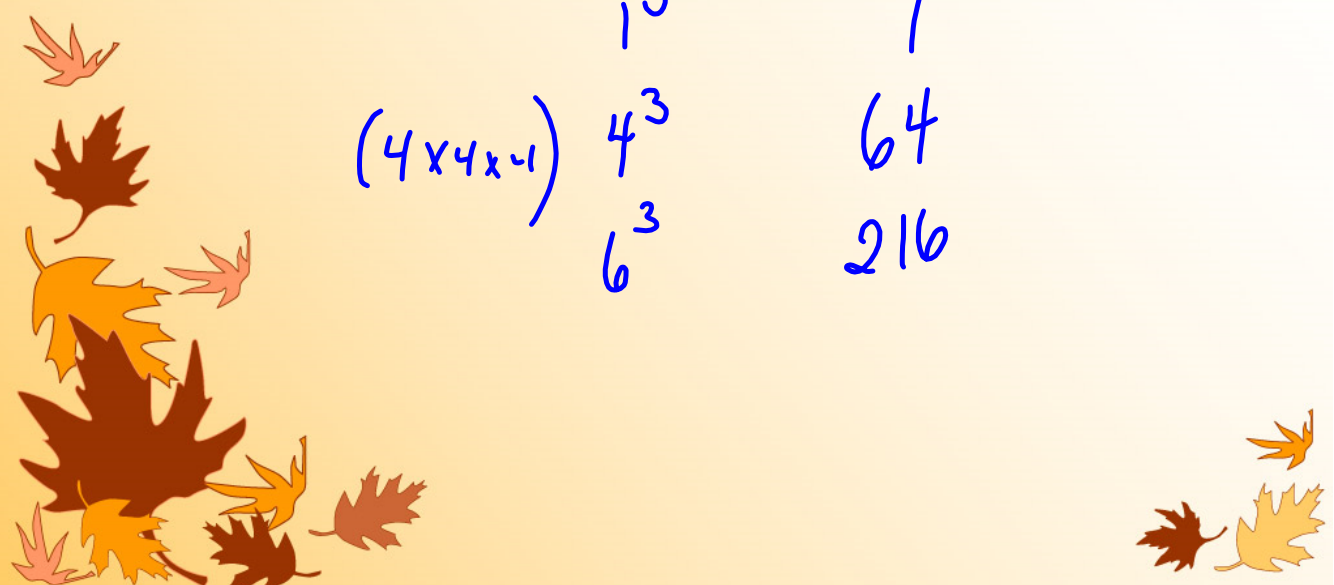
$$(4 \times 4 \times 4)$$

$$4^3$$

64

$$6^3$$

216



Write each of the following as:

Repeated Multiplication	Power	Standard form [Evaluate]
A. $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 =$	3^6	729
B. $7 =$	7^1	7
C. $4 \times 4 \times 4 =$ <i>2x2 y2x2 x2x2</i> <i>↓ 2⁶</i>	4^3	64

Write a power with a base of 2 that will equal 64: _____



What is the base in each of the following:

A. 8^7

Base 8

B. $(-10)^5$

-10
-100 000

C. $(\frac{1}{4})^3$

$\frac{1}{4}$

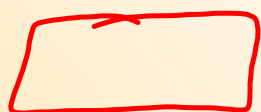
$\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{64}$



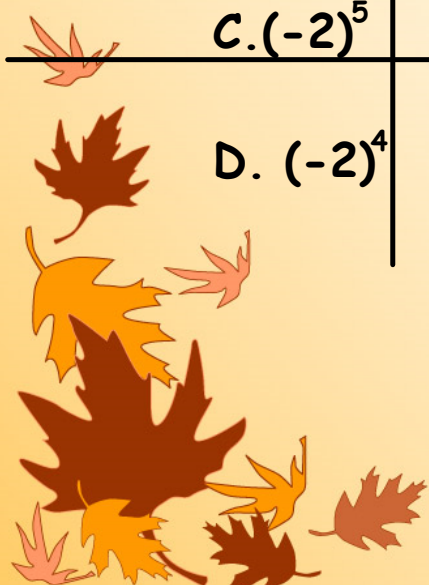
What if a power has a negative sign?

	A. $(-3)^4$ *	B. -3^4 *	C. $-(-3)^4$	D. $-(3)^4$
Base	-3	3	-3	3
Repeated multiplication	$-3 \times -3 \times -3 \times -3$ $(-3)(-3)(-3)(-3)$	$-(3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3)$ $-(3)(3)(3)(3)$ $-3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$	$-(-3 \times -3 \times -3 \times -3)$	$-(3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3)$
Evaluate	81	-81	-81	-81





	Base	Repeated multiplication	Evaluate
A. 4^5	4	$4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4$	1024
B. -2^5	2	$-(2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2)$ $-2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$	-32
C. $(-2)^5$	-2	$-2 \times -2 \times -2 \times -2 \times -2$	-32
D. $(-2)^4$	-2	$-2 \times -2 \times -2 \times -2$	16



Evaluate The following:
Standard Form.

A. 10^5

B. $(-5)^3$

C. $-(2.3)^6$

D. $(-3)^2$



Predict whether the final answer will be positive or negative:

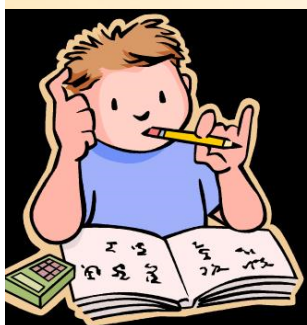
a. $(-2)^3$

B. $-(2)^4$

C. $-(-3)^4$

D. -3^3





Homework questions

Page 55-56

7, 8, 9,

chart

#7.

power	base
a) 2^7	2

#8.

power	exponent

#9.

power	R.M

C,

1

