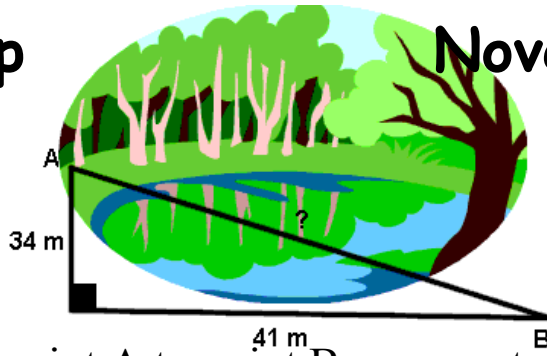


Warm-Up

November 8, 2018



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

To get from point A to point B you must avoid walking through a pond. To avoid the pond, you must walk 34 meters south and 41 meters east. **To the nearest meter, how many meters would be saved if it were possible to walk through the pond?**

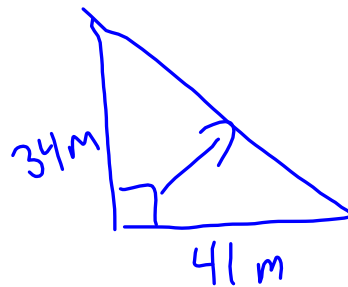
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 41^2 + 34^2$$

$$c^2 = 1681 + 1156$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{2837}$$

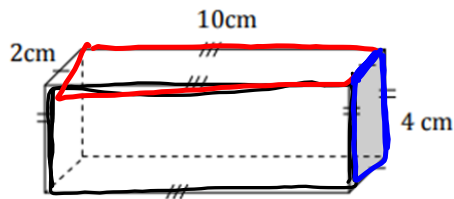
$$c = 53.45$$



Around pond  $34 + 41 = 75$   
 Through pond 53

Save 21.55  
 22m

Ex 1: Find the surface area.



F/B

$\times 2$

10

$$A = bh$$

$$= 10 \times 4$$

$$= 40$$

$$\underline{\times 2}$$

$$80$$

T/B

$\times 2$

10

$$A = bh$$

$$= 10 \times 2$$

$$= 20$$

$$\underline{\times 2}$$

$$40$$

Sides

$\times 2$

4

$$A = bh$$

$$= 4 \times 2$$

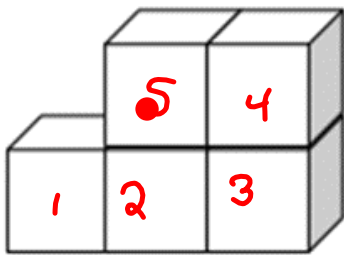
$$= 8$$

$$\underline{\times 2}$$

$$16$$

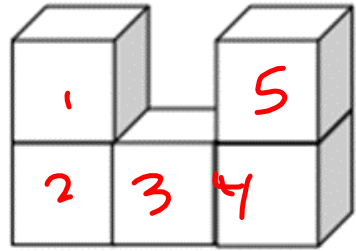
$$\text{Total Surface Area [TSA]} = 80 + 40 + 16$$

$$= \boxed{136 \text{ cm}^2}$$



SA one cube

$$\begin{array}{l} \boxed{\times 6} \\ 1 \\ \hline A = bh \\ = 1 \times 1 \\ = 1 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 6u^2 \end{array}$$



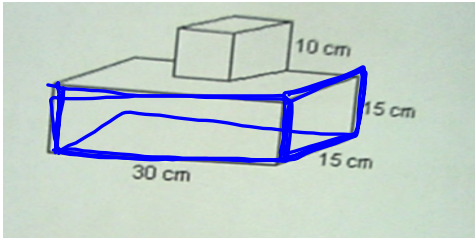
① TSA = # of cubes  $\times$  SA of cube  
 $5 \times 6$   
 $30$

② TSA - # faces lost  
 $30 - 10$   
 $20u^2$

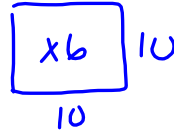
① TSA = # of cubes  $\times$  SA of cube  
 $5 \times 6$   
 TSA = 30

② TSA - # faces lost  
 $30 - 8$   
 $22u^2$

Find the surface area of the following.

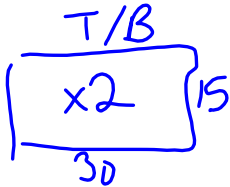


#1. SA of cube

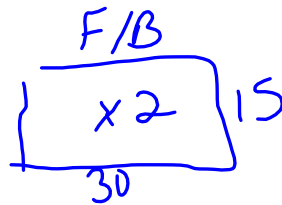


$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= bh \\
 &= 10 \times 10 \\
 &= 100 \\
 &\times 6 \\
 \hline
 &600 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

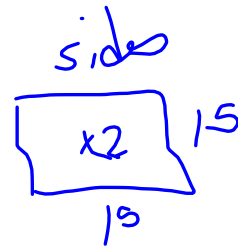
#2. SA of Rectangular Prism.



$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= bh \\
 &= 30 \times 15 \\
 &= 450 \\
 &\times 2 \\
 \hline
 &900
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= bh \\
 &= 30 \times 15 \\
 &= 450 \\
 &\times 2 \\
 \hline
 &900
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= bh \\
 &= 15 \times 15 \\
 &= 225 \\
 &\times 2 \\
 \hline
 &450
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 TSA &= 900 + 900 + 450 \\
 &= 2250
 \end{aligned}$$

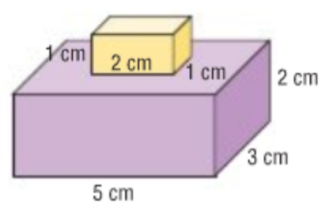
$$TSA = SA\#1 + SA\#2 - \text{faces lost}$$

$$600 + 2250 - 200$$

$$2650 \text{ cm}^2$$

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8. Determine the surface area of each composite object.  
 What effect does the overlap have on the calculation of the surface area?  
 a)

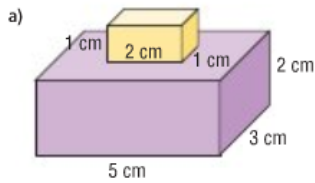


SA of small

SA of Big

# Page 31 #8 a)

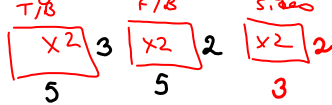
8. Determine the surface area of each composite object.  
 What effect does the overlap have on the calculation of the surface area?



## Small Rectangular Prism

T/B $\boxed{\times 2}$ 2 $A = bh$ $= 2 \times 1$ $= 2$ $\frac{2}{2}$	F/B $\boxed{\times 2}$ 2 $A = bh$ $= 2 \times 1$ $= 2$ $\frac{2}{2}$	sides $\boxed{\times 2}$ 1 $A = bh$ $= 1 \times 1$ $= 1$ $\frac{1}{2}$
+     +     +		
$TSA = 10 \text{ cm}^2$		

## Big Rectangular Prism



$A = bh$ $= 5 \times 3$ $= 15$ $\times 2$ <hr/> $30$	$A = bh$ $= 5 \times 2$ $= 10$ $\times 2$ <hr/> $20$	$P = bh$ $= 3 \times 2$ $= 6$ $\times 2$ <hr/> $12$
+     +     + $TSA = 62 \text{ cm}^2$		

*faces lost*

$TSA_{\text{small}} + TSA_{\text{big}} - \text{connections}$

$$10 + 62 - 4 = 68 \text{ cm}^2$$

8 b)

SA small

SA medium

SA big