

56

School days until...



Warm Up Grade 8

March 28, 2017



time is ticking

1) Complete the chart

Fraction	Decimal	Percent
$\frac{8}{11}$	0. $\overline{72}$	$\approx 72\%$
$\frac{15}{7}$	2.14	214%
$\frac{789}{1000} =$	0.789	$\overset{\times 100}{\cancel{0}} \quad 78.9\%$
$\frac{56}{1000} = \frac{7}{125}$	0.056	$\overset{+ 100}{\cancel{0}} \quad 5.6\%$
$\frac{2}{1000} = \frac{1}{500}$	0.002	0.2%

2) If 55% of the regular price is \$19.25, what is the regular price?

$$\frac{55\% \text{ of } R}{0.55 \times R} = \frac{19.25}{0.55}$$

$$R = \$35$$

Regular price is \$35

3) Write 3 equivalent ratios to 75: 5

$$\begin{aligned} &\therefore (75 : 5) \div 5 \\ &15 : 1 \quad \checkmark \\ &\times 3 \quad 30 : 2 \quad \checkmark \\ &\rightarrow 45 : 3 \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

12. non fiction : fiction

3 : 1

300 : 100

1500 : 500

$\frac{3 \text{ out of } 4 \text{ book}}$

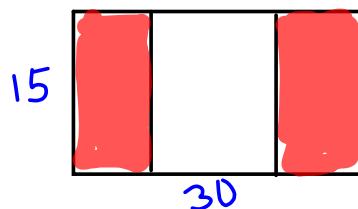
NF : F : T  
3      1      4

b) There are numerous answers,  
depending on the size of the library.

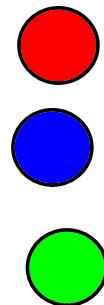
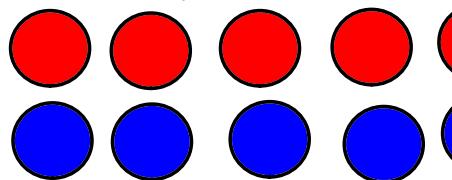
13. Length : width  
 $2 : 1$   
 $20 : 10$   
 $30 : 15$

$2 : 1$   
 $30 : 15$   
 $\frac{2}{3} : \frac{1}{2}$   
 $2 : 1$   
 too big

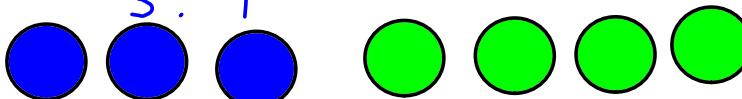
- largest from  
the sheet of paper



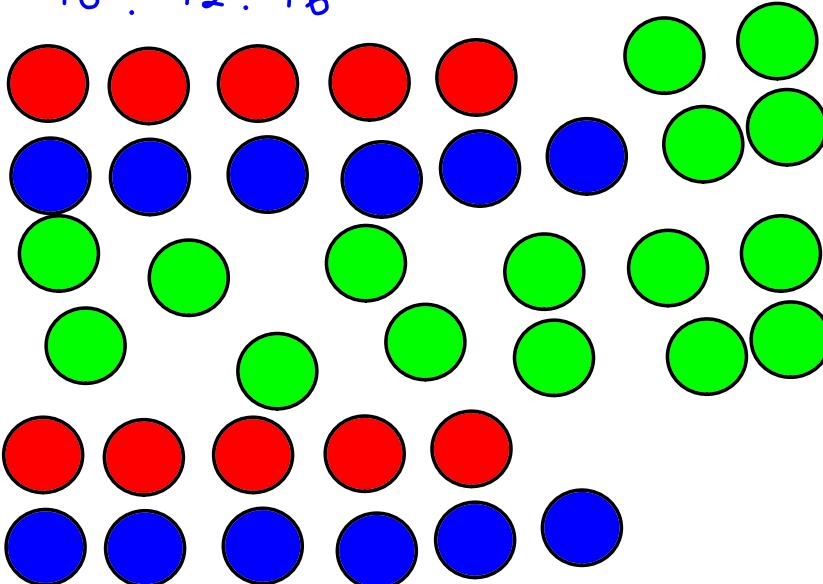
14. red : blue  
 $5 : 6$



b) blue : green  
 $3 : 4$



c) red : blue : green  
 $10 : 12 : 16$



(b)  $10 : 12 : 16$   
 satisfies all 3.

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To see if the ratios are equivalent, reduce or find equivalent ratios with the same terms.

15. a)  $16:30$  and  $28:42$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8:15 & & 14:21 \\ & & \begin{array}{rcl} 2:3 & & 8:12 \end{array} \end{array}$$

They are not equivalent

b)  $27:63$        $49:21$

Not equivalent, in first ratio the first term is smaller but in the second ratio, the first term is larger

c)  $56:104:88$        $42:78:66$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 28:52:44 & & 7:13:11 \\ 14:26:22 & & \\ 7:13:11 & & \end{array}$$

They are equivalent

d)  $20:70:50$        $30:105:75$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2:7:5 & & 4:15 \\ & & 2:7:5 \end{array}$$

They are equivalent.

16. girls : boys      student

$5:3$	$8$	$32$
$x4$	$\curvearrowright$	$x4$
$10:6$	$16$	$24$
$15:9$	$24$	$32$
$20:12$	$32$	$\Leftarrow$

students

There are 12 boys and 20 girls in the class.

17. a)  $10 : 35 = \underline{\quad} : 42$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \div 5 & \div 5 \\ 2 : 7 & = & \underline{12} : 42 \\ & \times 6 & \end{array}$$

b)  $36 : 78 = \underline{\quad} : 182$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \div 6 & \div 6 \\ 6 : 13 & = & \underline{84} : 182 \\ \times 14 & & \times 14 \end{array}$$

c)  $\frac{12}{\cancel{3}} : 15 = 68 : 85$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \cancel{3} & & 4 : 5 \end{array}$$

d)  $49 : \underline{\quad} : 63 = 84 : 36 : 108$

$$\begin{array}{c} \div 12 \quad \div 12 \\ 49 : \underline{21} : 63 = 7 : 3 : 9 \end{array}$$

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- No, because there are 365 days in a year and 400 students so there can not be 2 students with the same b-day every day

$$365 + 365 = 730$$

and there may be some days with more than 2 birthdays

2.

Eggs: sugar: milk: vanilla

<sup>cup</sup> <sup>ml</sup>

6 : 1 : 750 : 5

2 :  $\frac{1}{3}$  : 250 :  $\frac{5}{3}$

4 :  $\frac{2}{3}$  : 500 :  $\frac{10}{3}$

- \$3.99 for dozen or 35¢ each

35 for 1

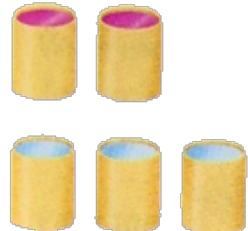
70¢ for 2

420¢ for 12

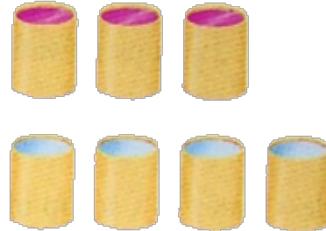
\$3.99 for a dozen  
is a better deal.

Comparing Rates  
Ratios

Recipe A for punch calls  
for 2 cans of concentrate  
and 3 cans of water.



Recipe B for punch calls  
for 3 cans of concentrate  
and 4 cans of water.



In which recipe is the punch stronger?

Or, are the drinks the same strength?

Explain how you know.

(RA) Juice: Water

$$2 : 3$$

*x3* 1st term are the same  
(comparing <sup>one</sup> term must  
be the same)

$$6 : \underline{9}$$

(RB) Juice: Water

$$\begin{matrix} 3 & : & 4 \\ \times 2 & & \\ 6 & : & \underline{8} \end{matrix}$$

Less water we have when Juice amount is  
the same than the stronger the punch

Rec. B Stronger

OR

J: w

$$2 : 3$$

2nd term same intn,

$$8 : \underline{12}$$

J: w

$$3 : 4$$

$$9 : 12$$

more Juice  
the stronger your  
punch



You can **compare ratios** either by:

- getting equivalent ratios with one of the terms the same in both ratios
- changing each ratio so that the **second term is 1**

Erica makes her coffee with 2 scoops of coffee and 5 cups of water.



No coffee, No workie.



Jim makes his coffee with 3 scoops of coffee and 7 cups of water.

Whose coffee is stronger?

Erica

Coffee: Water

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 : 5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 6 : 15 \end{array}$$

*1st term the same*

*more water  
so weaker*

Or

Jim

Coffee: Water

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 : 7 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 6 : 14 \end{array}$$

*so less water  
so stronger*



$$\begin{array}{r} E \ C : W \\ \div 5 \quad \div 5 \\ 2 : 5 \quad 1 : 1 \\ 0.4 : 1 \end{array}$$

*less coffee  
(less strong)*

$$\begin{array}{r} J \ C : W \\ \div 7 \quad \div 7 \\ 3 : 7 \quad 1 : 1 \\ 0.43 : 1 \end{array}$$

*more coffee  
more strong*

You can compare ratios either by:

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# 4(a,d,f),

#5(a,d,f),

#6,

#7,

#8,

#9

## Class/Homework

$$4b) \text{ Term 1 : Term 2} \\ \therefore (5 : 40) \div 5$$

$$5) \text{ Term 1 : Term 2} \\ \therefore (55 : 11) \div 11$$