

-8

-10

2)Write an equation of a line that passes through (-7, 4) and (-5, 10) and has a y intercept of -5.  $M = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ 

$$\frac{\sqrt{\chi_2 - \chi_1}}{\sqrt{\chi_2 - \chi_1}}$$

$$=\frac{6}{2}$$

$$m=3$$

3) Given the equations
$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + 6, \text{ state the}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1$$

- iii) x- intercept

$$\chi - intercept \ \text{Let } y = 0$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5} x + 6$$

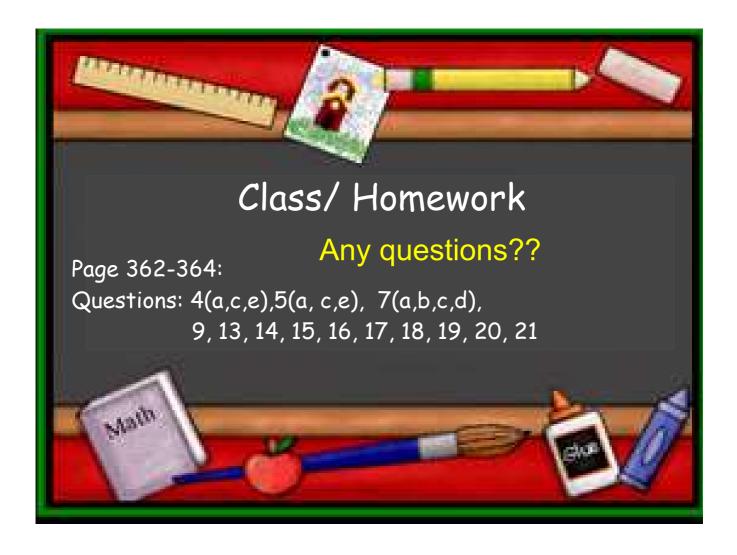
$$0 = \frac{2}{5} x + 6$$

$$-6 = \frac{2}{5} x + 6$$

$$-30 = 2x$$

$$-30 = 2x$$

$$-15 = x$$



Can you rearrange this to slope intercept form?

a) 
$$2y = -3x - 10$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{10}{2}$$

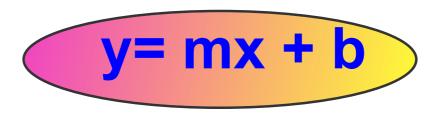
$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$m = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$b = -5$$

b) 
$$3y + 4 = 2x + 5$$
  
 $3y + 44 = 2x + 5$   
 $3y = 2x + 1$   
 $\frac{3}{3}y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$ 

$$y = \frac{3}{3} \times + \frac{1}{3}$$
 $M = \frac{3}{3} \times + \frac{1}{3}$ 



## You need a

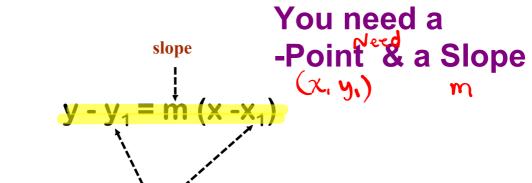
y-intercept (b)

$$(x_1-x_1)$$
  $M = (y_2) - (y_1)$   $[x_1-x_1]$   $(x_2)-(x_1)$ 

$$y_2-y_1=m(x_2-x_1)$$

## Point - Slope Form

You can also find the equation of a line if you are given a point and the slope of the line. In order to do this you use the formula:



The x and y values from the given point

This equation can be rearranged to y=mx+b (slope intercept)

$$y - y_1 = m (x - x_1)$$

Slope point form is a rearrangement of

$$m = y - y_1$$

$$x - x_1$$

$$\frac{m}{\sqrt{(x-x_1)}}$$

$$(x-x) \cdot m = (y-y_1) \cdot (x-x_1)$$

## Example 1:

Find the equation of a line that passes through (-3,4) and has the same slope as y = 3x + 2.

Write what you know:

$$m=3$$
  $(-3,4)$ 

$$y - y_1 = m (x - x_1)$$
 $y - 4 = 3 (x - 3)$ 

Fix Sighs

 $y - 4 = 3 (x + 3)$  first get to

multiply through bracket

 $y - 4 = 3x + 9$  Point Slope Form

$$y = 3x + 13$$
 then continue to rearrange to get to Slope Intercept Form

Find the equation of the line in if it has a slope of -3 and it goes through the point (1,7)

$$y - y_1 = m (x - x_1)$$

$$y - \gamma = -3 (x - 1)$$

$$y - \gamma = -3x + 3$$

$$y - \gamma = -3x + 3$$

$$y - \gamma = -3x + 10$$

$$y = -3x + 10$$

$$y = -3x + 10$$

$$y = -3x + 10$$

Leave in point slope form

Given y - 3 =  $\underline{-2}$  (x+4) determine the slope and a point on the line

$$y - (y_1) = m(x - x_1)$$
 $y - 3 = -\frac{3}{5}(x + 4)$ 
 $m = -\frac{3}{5}$ 

point 
$$(x,y)$$
 $y - y, = m(x - x_1)$ 

Slope Homework

page 372-375

Lad

4(a,d), 5(a,c), 9(at)(i,t),11(at)

Sac.

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Point slope form.docx