Quiz Today on paper ,but try this before quiz

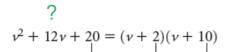
$$\frac{(x+3)^{2} + (x-5)^{2}}{(x+3)(x+3)} + (x-5)^{2}$$

$$\chi^{2} + 3x + 3x + 9 + \chi^{2} - 5x - 5x + 25$$

$$\chi^{2} + 6x + 9 + \chi^{2} - 10x + 25$$

$$2x^{2} - 4x + 34$$

Look at the numbers in the trinomial and the binomial.





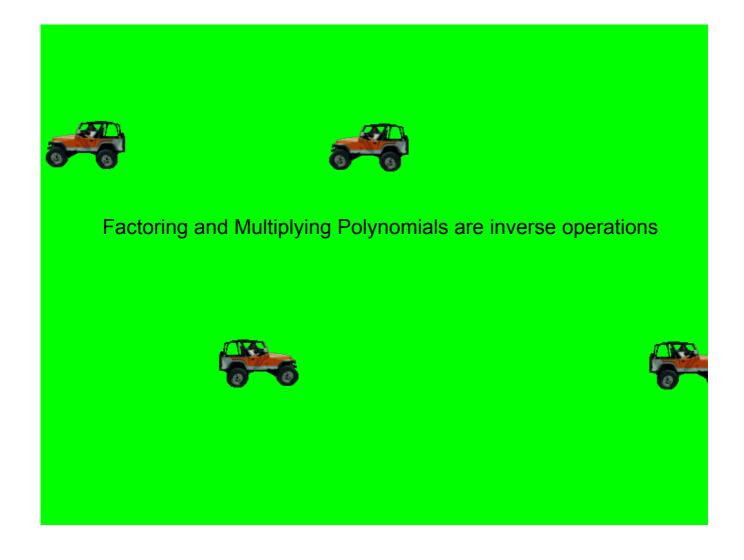
-20 is the product of 2 and 10.

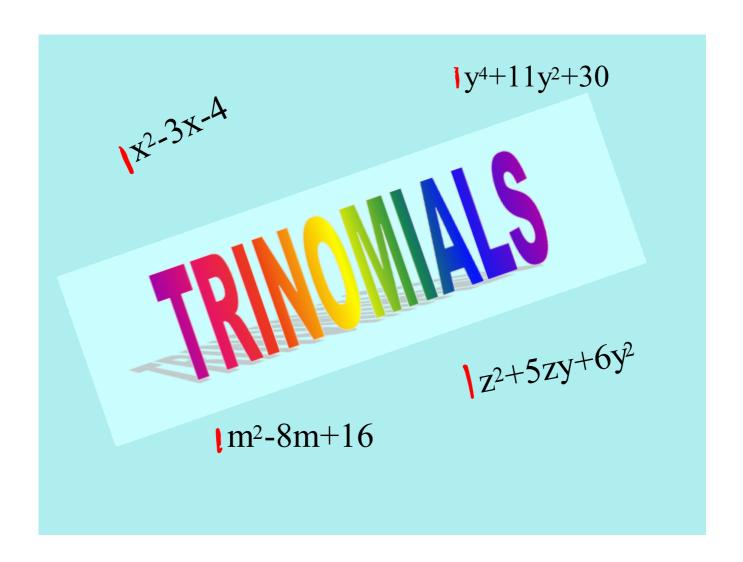




?

3.5 Polynomials of the Form $x^2 + bx + c$





Simple Trinomials

- has three terms with the form...

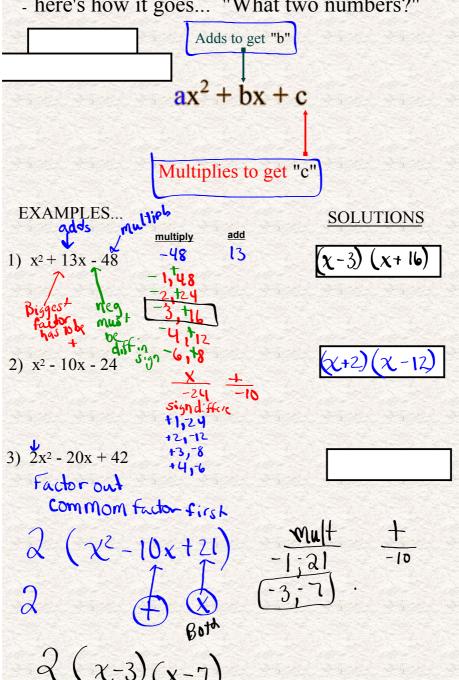
$$ax^2 + bx + c$$

- a simple trinomial has an "a" value of 1.
- we use a method of inspection to factor them.

CHECK IT OUT!!!

INSPECTION METHOD

- here's how it goes... "What two numbers?"

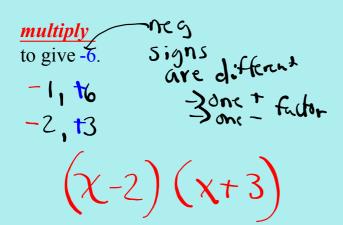


Work



1. x^2+1x-6

Find two numbers that



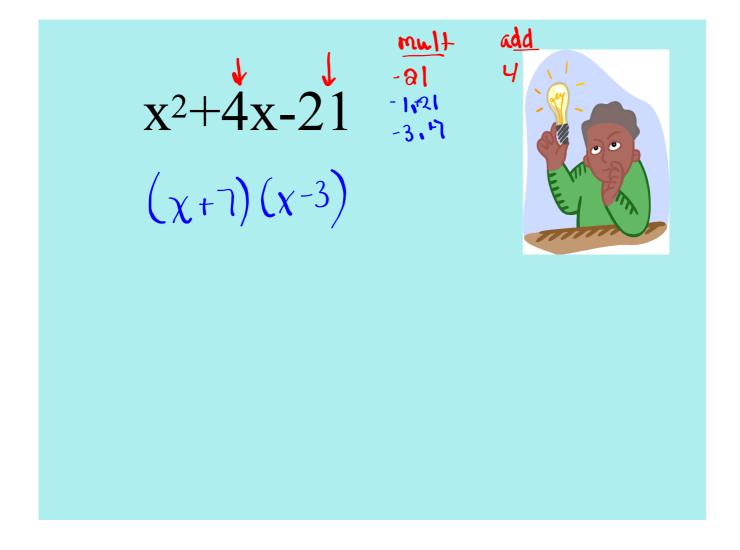
How does this compare to the factoring of four term polynomials?????

$$x^2 + 1x - 6$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 3x - 6$$

$$x(x-2) + 3(x-2)$$

$$(x+3)(x-2)$$



Another way to look at it:

1.
$$x^2+1x-6$$

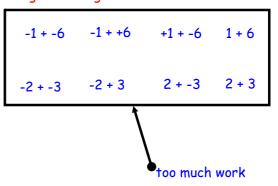
What numbers multiply to give -6?

list factors of 6:

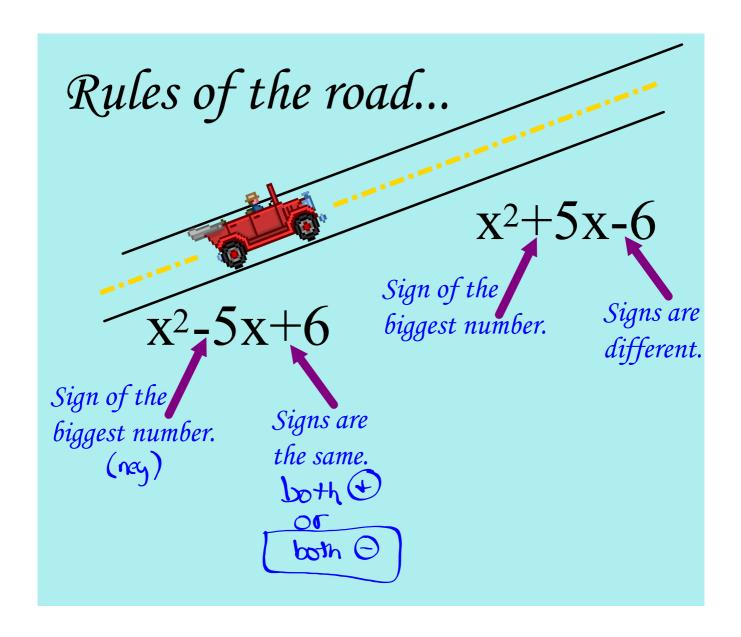
1 x 6

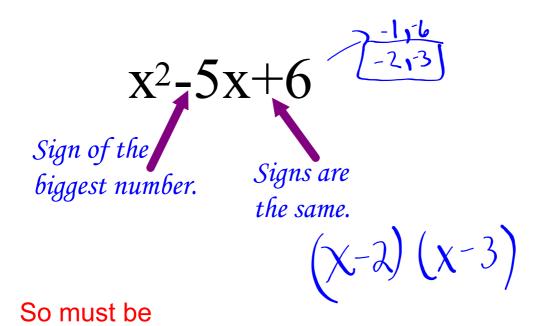
 2×3

What pair of factors could add together to get 1?



See next page for rules!!!!!!!





1 6

2 3

only pair that works

(x-2)(x-3) are your factors

So must be

$$(x-1)(x+6)$$
 are your factors

-1,45_	ework)	k) 2130 3,20	
1. x ² - 14x + 45	x-5)(x-9)	2. $x^2 + 17x + 60$	(XTS)(XT R)
	X-10)(x-8)	4. x ² - 10x + 16	$(\chi-2)(\chi-8)$
5. x ² - 6x + 9		6. x ² - 7x + 6	
7. $x^2 + 20x + 99$		8. x ² + 3x - 18	
9. x ² - 3x - 88		10. x ² - 16x + 48	
11. x ² + 11x + 30		12. x ² - 14x + 33	
13. x ² + x - 30		14. x ² - 3x - 70	
15. x ² + 8x - 9		16. x ² - 16x + 55	
17. x ² + 6x - 72		18. $x^2 + 5x - 50$	
19. $x^2 + 10x + 24$		20. $x^2 + 6x - 16$	