



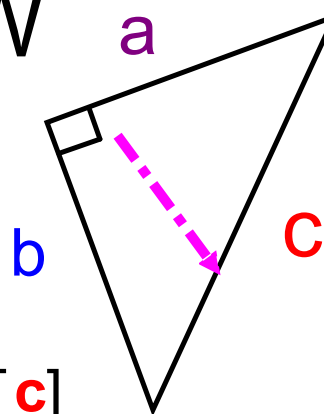
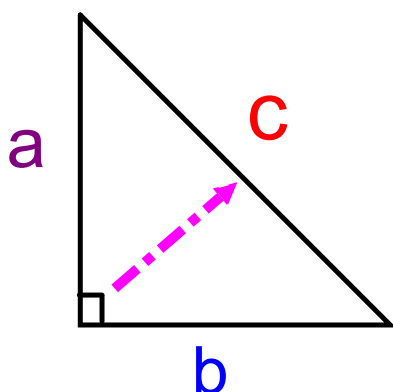
Unit 8



Circle Geometry



REVIEW



Hypotenuse [**c**]

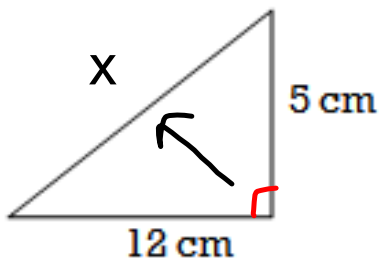
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 \leftarrow$$

$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

*the longest side

*opposite the right angle

- Find the measurement of the unknown side.
- Draw an arrow to the hypotenuse.



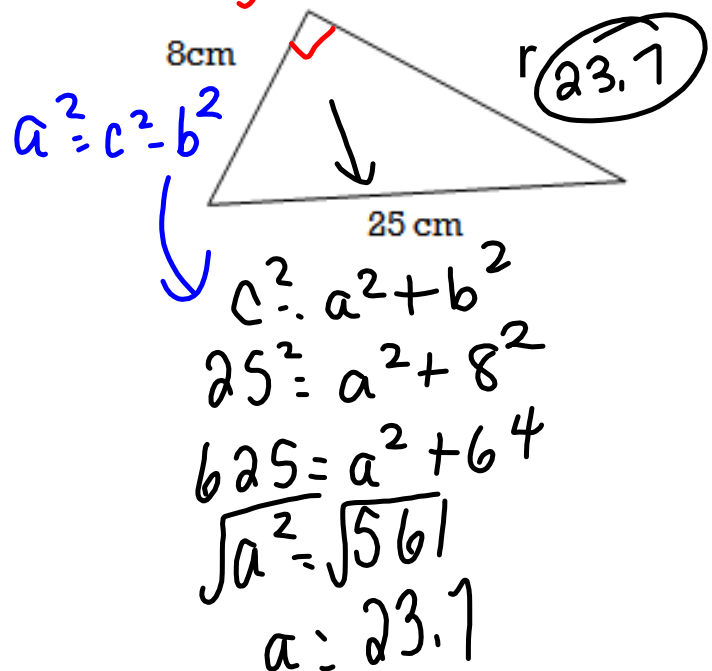
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 12^2 + 5^2$$

$$c^2 = 144 + 25$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{169}$$

$$c = 13$$



$$a^2 = c^2 - b^2$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$25^2 = a^2 + 8^2$$

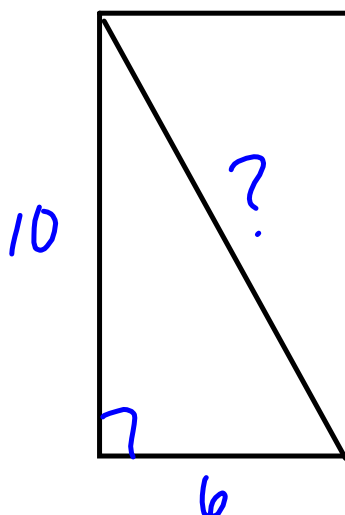
$$625 = a^2 + 64$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} = \sqrt{561}$$

$$a = 23.1$$

A rectangle has base 6 and height 10.

What is the length of the diagonal?



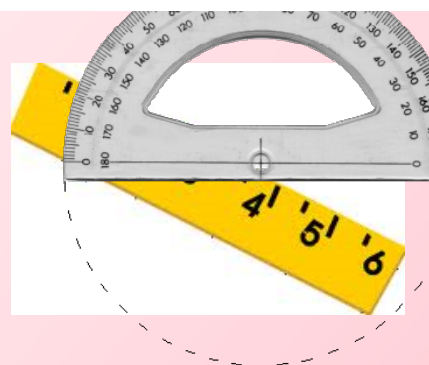
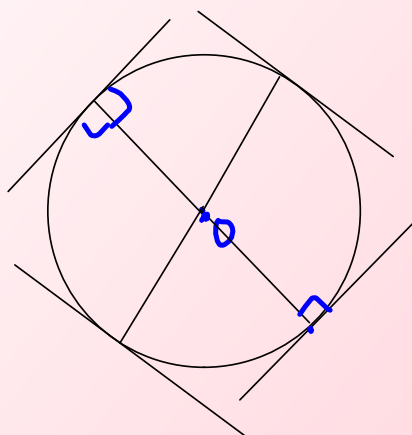
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 10^2 + 6^2$$

$$c^2 = 100 + 36$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{136}$$

$$c = 11.7$$



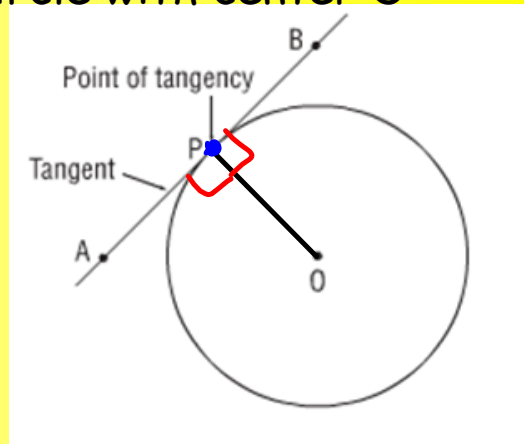
1. Label the center "O"
2. Draw a radius that touches the circle only at the endpoint of the radius.
3. Draw a line to touch the radius and passes on the outside of the circle
4. Repeat steps 2-3 THREE times
5. Measure the angle between the radius and the line.



* A line that intersects a circle at only **ONE POINT** is a **tangent** to the circle

*The point where the tangent intersects the circle is the **point of tangency**.

*Line AB is a **TANGENT** to the circle with center O
Point P is the point of tangency



a) Identify the radius
OP, PO

b) $\angle APD =$
angle

↑ middle letter

identify's the angle $\angle APB = 180^\circ$

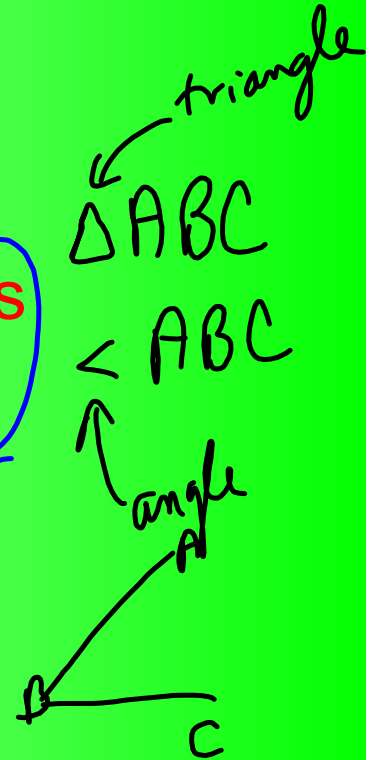
c) $\angle BPO$

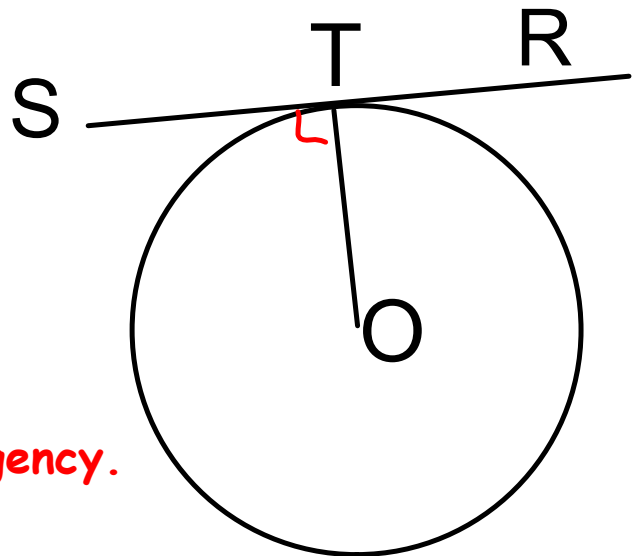
Tangent-Radius Property

*A tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius at the point of tangency.

$$\angle \underline{A}PO = \angle \underline{B}PO = 90^\circ$$

* use three letters when naming an angle!





1. Identify the radius.

TO, OT

2. Identify the point of tangency.

T

3. Name the tangent

ST, SR, RS, RT, TR

4. What is the relationship between the tangent and the radius?

They form a 90° angle

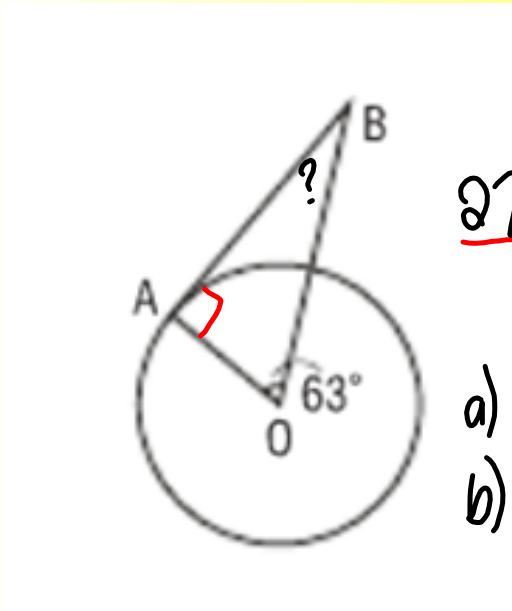
$\angle STO$

$\angle RTO$

5. Name two angles that equal 90° ?

In triangle OAB, $\angle AOB = 63^\circ$
 $\triangle OAB$

Find the measure of $\angle OBA = 27^\circ$



$$27^\circ + 90^\circ + 63^\circ = 180^\circ$$

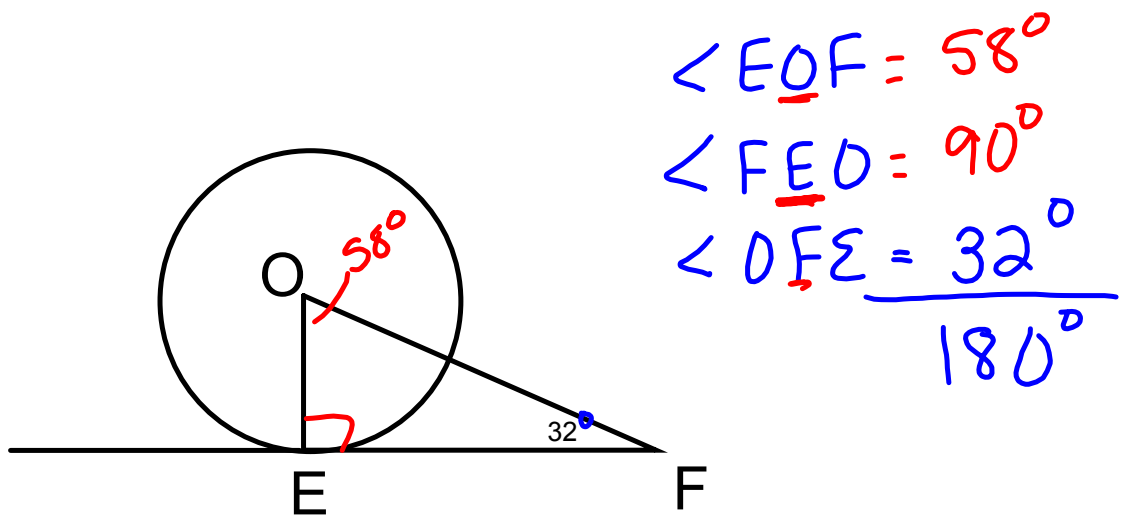
Remember:
 sum angles
 of triangle
 is 180° !!!

a) Name the radius:

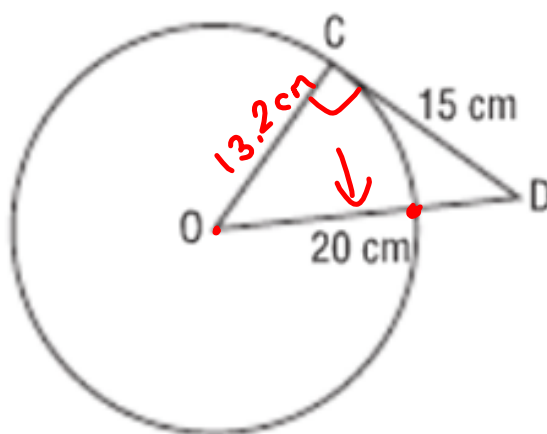
b)

$\angle AOB =$	63°
$\angle ABO =$	27°
$\angle BAO =$	90°
	180°

Name and identify all angles in $\triangle EOF$



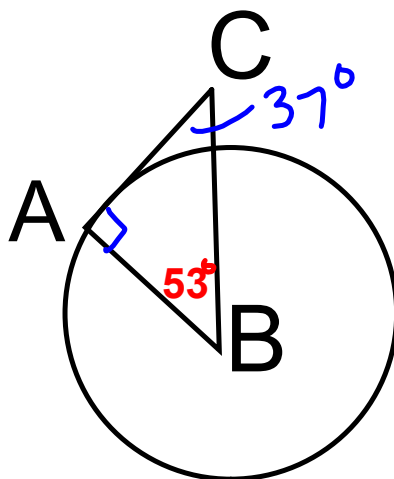
Determine the length of OC to the nearest tenth.



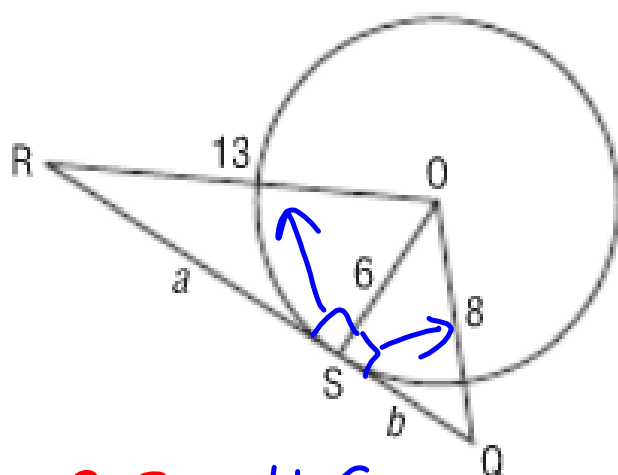
$$\begin{aligned}
 c^2 &= a^2 + b^2 \\
 20^2 &= a^2 + 15^2 \\
 400 &= a^2 + 225 \\
 a^2 &= 175 \\
 a &= 13.2
 \end{aligned}$$

a) Find the value of $\angle ABC = 53^\circ$

b) Find the value of $\angle ACB = 37^\circ$



c. Identify the tangent = AC or CA



Find RS and SQ

$$RS = 11.5$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$13^2 = a^2 + 6^2$$

$$169 = a^2 + 36$$

$$a^2 = 133$$

$$a = 11.5$$

$$SQ = 5.3$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$8^2 = 6^2 + b^2$$

$$64 = 36 + b^2$$

$$b = 5.3$$

Homework/Classwork



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3, 4, 5, 6 ← a, b, c

**7, 8, 12, 13, 14,
17**

*****NAME ALL ANGLES**

USING THREE

LETTERS!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

SKETCH CIRCLES!!!