



Warm Up Grade 8

March. ~~2~~, 2016

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1) Jim and Karen are competing for first place in their grade 8 class. Karen receives 23.5 out of 25 on her math test and Jim receives 29.5 out of 32. Who received the higher mark?

$$K \frac{23.5}{25} = 0.94 = 94\%$$

$$J \frac{29.5}{32} = 0.921875 \approx 92\%$$

Karen made the higher mark

2) The cost to make a pen is \$0.15. The company sells the pen for 450% of its cost to make. How much profit do they make off of 1 pen?

$$0.15 \times 450\% = \text{Cost}^{\text{selling}}$$

$$0.15 \times 4.5 = 0.675 \approx 0.68$$

$$\text{Profit} = \text{Sell} - \text{Cost} = 0.68 - 0.15 = 0.53$$

You make a profit of \$0.53 off each pen

3) 26% of a number is 93.6, what is that number?

$$26\% \times n = 93.6$$

↓ change % to decimal

$$0.26 n = 93.6$$

Solve for n (how? divide both sides by # in front of variable)

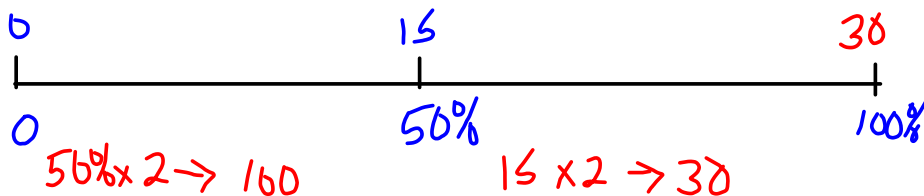
$$\frac{0.26 n}{0.26} = \frac{93.6}{0.26}$$

$$n = 360$$

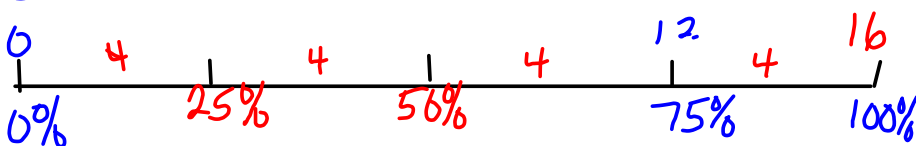
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$$\frac{0.50 \times n = 15}{0.5} \quad n = 30$$

3a) 50% of a number is 15



b) 75% of a number is 12



$\div 3$ 75% of — is 12

25% of — is $12 \div 3 = 4$

100% of — is $4 \times 4 \rightarrow 16$

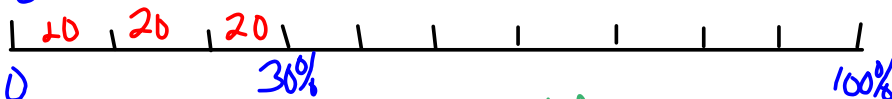
$$75\% n = 12$$

$$0.75n = 12$$

$$\frac{0.75n}{0.75} = \frac{12}{0.75}$$

$$n = 16$$

c) 30% of a number is 60



$$100\% \rightarrow 20 \times 10 = 200$$

$\div 3$ 30% of — = 60
10% of — = $60 \div 3$
 $\times 10$ 20×10

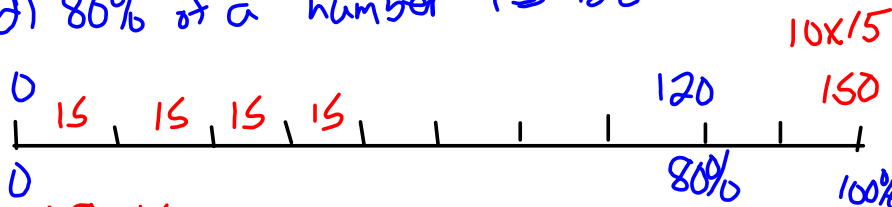
100% of — = 20×10
= 200

$$0.3 \times n = 60$$

$$\frac{0.3 \times n}{0.3} = \frac{60}{0.3}$$

$$n = 200$$

d) 80% of a number is 120



$$120 \div 8 = 15$$

$\div 8$ 80% of — = 120
10% of — = $120 \div 8$

$\times 10$ 15×10

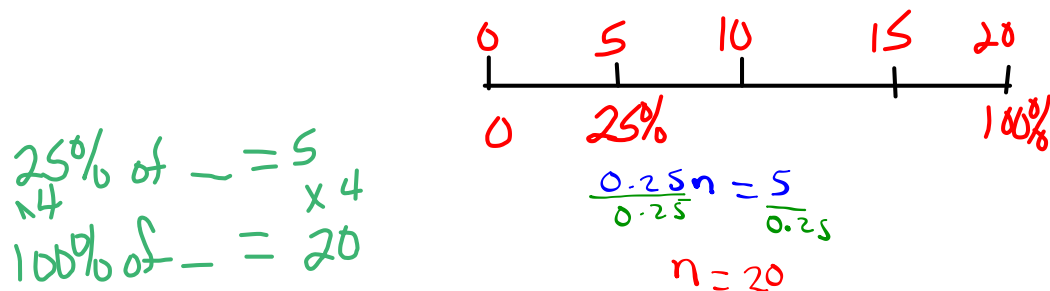
100% of — = 15×10
= 150

$$0.8 \times n = 120$$

$$\frac{0.8 \times n}{0.8} = \frac{120}{0.8}$$

$$n = 150$$

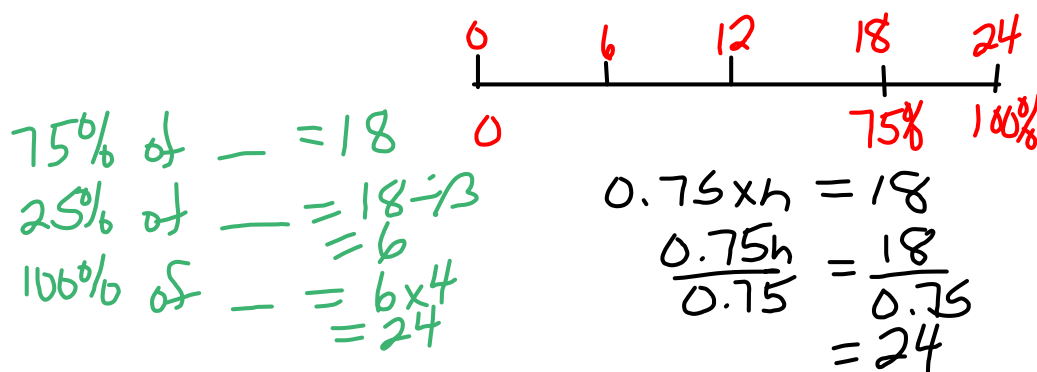
4a) 25% of a number is 5



$$\begin{aligned} 25\% \text{ of } _ &= 5 \\ \uparrow & \times 4 \\ 100\% \text{ of } _ &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{0.25n}{0.25} &= \frac{5}{0.25} \\ n &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

b) 75% of a number is 18



$$\begin{aligned} 75\% \text{ of } _ &= 18 \\ 25\% \text{ of } _ &= 18 \div 3 \\ &= 6 \\ 100\% \text{ of } _ &= 6 \times 4 \\ &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

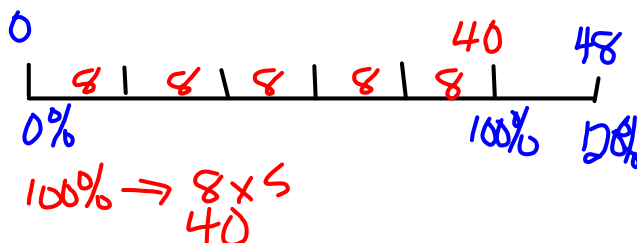
$$\begin{aligned} 0.75 \times h &= 18 \\ \frac{0.75h}{0.75} &= \frac{18}{0.75} \\ &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

c) 4% of a number is 32

$$\begin{aligned} 0.04 \times h &= 32 \\ \frac{0.04h}{0.04} &= \frac{32}{0.04} \\ h &= 800 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4\% \text{ of } _ &= 32 \\ 1\% \text{ of } _ &= 32 \div 4 \\ &= 8 \\ 100\% \text{ of } _ &= 8 \times 100 \\ &= 800 \end{aligned}$$

d) 120% of a number is 48



$$\begin{aligned} 1.2 \times h &= 48 \\ \frac{1.2h}{1.2} &= \frac{48}{1.2} \\ h &= 40 \end{aligned}$$

$$100\% \rightarrow 8 \times 5 = 40$$

7. a) 15% is 125g

$$15\% \text{ of } n = 125$$

$$0.15n = 125$$

$$\frac{0.15n}{0.15} = \frac{125}{0.15}$$

$$n = 833.3$$

b) 9% of — is 45

1% of — is 5

100% of — is $\frac{5 \times 100}{500}$

number is 500

$$0.09n = 45$$

$$\frac{0.09n}{0.09} = \frac{45}{0.09}$$

$$n = 500$$

c) 0.8% of — is 12

↓ change to dec

$$0.008n = 12$$

$$\frac{0.008n}{0.008} = \frac{12}{0.008}$$

$$n = 1500$$

10. 2001 \rightarrow 12% less miners

12% of miners in 1986

12% of 193 000

$$0.12 \times 193\,000$$

23 160 \rightarrow fewer miners

So in 2001

$$193\,000 - 23\,160$$

169 840 miners in 2001

12. Jemma

Week 1 15% of 1.5

Increase 0.15×1.5

$$0.225$$

Mass after week 1 $\rightarrow 1.5 + 0.225$
1.725

Week 2 15% of 1.725

Increase 0.15×1.725

$$0.25875$$

Jemma's
Mass - Week 2

$$1.725 + 0.25875$$

$$1.98375 \text{ kg}$$

George

30% increase

in 2 weeks

30% of 1.5

$$= 0.3 \times 1.5$$

$$= 0.45$$

Total mass $1.5 + 0.45$

$$1.95 \text{ kg}$$

Finding the Percent Increase or Percent Decrease

this means divide → $\frac{\text{Difference}}{\text{Original}} \times 100$

answer
is
a %

Remember

$$\text{Difference} = (\text{Big}) - (\text{Small})$$

Subtraction

***** Important

Percent Increase = $\frac{\text{Amount of Increase}}{\text{Original Amount}} \times 100\%$ (Amount of Increase = New Price - Original Price)

Percent Decrease = $\frac{\text{Amount of Decrease}}{\text{Original Amount}} \times 100\%$ (Amount of Decrease = Original Price - New Price)

Example 4

(a) The price of a carton of milk in the school cafeteria increased from \$0.95 to \$1.25. What was the percent increase in price?

(b) The price of a green salad decreased from \$2.50 to \$1.95. What was the percent decrease in price?

solution

(a) Amount of Increase = $1.25 - 0.95$
 = 0.30
 =

Percent Increase = $\frac{\text{Diff}}{\text{Orig}} \times 100$

= $\frac{0.30}{0.95} \times 100$

= $\frac{0.315789 \times 100}{100} \approx 31.6\%$
 (Note: Divide on calculator)

0% 100%

(b) Amount of decrease = $\text{Big} - \text{Small}$
 = $2.50 - 1.95$
 = 0.55

Percent Decrease = $\frac{\text{Diff}}{\text{Orig}} \times 100\%$

= $\frac{0.55}{2.50} \times 100$

= 0.22×100

= 22%

0%

100%

Class / Homework

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#5, #6, ~~#8~~, ~~#9~~, #11, #13, #15, [REDACTED]

5a) 5cm to 10cm (Increasing)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Difference} &= \text{Big} - \text{Small} \\ &= 10 - 5 \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Increase} &= \frac{\text{Diff}}{\text{orig}} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{5}{5} \times 100\% \\ &= 1 \times 100\% \\ &= 100\% \end{aligned}$$

Elastic stretch 100%

13a)

Year 2000

24% of 693000

$$0.24 \times 693000$$

Ans

New Pop 693000 + Ans

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \text{New Pop} &\times 0.11 \\ \text{Pop at 2005} &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \text{Diff} &= \text{Pop at 2005} - \text{orig} \\ \% \text{ Inc} &= \frac{\text{Diff}}{\text{orig}} \times 100\% \end{aligned}$$