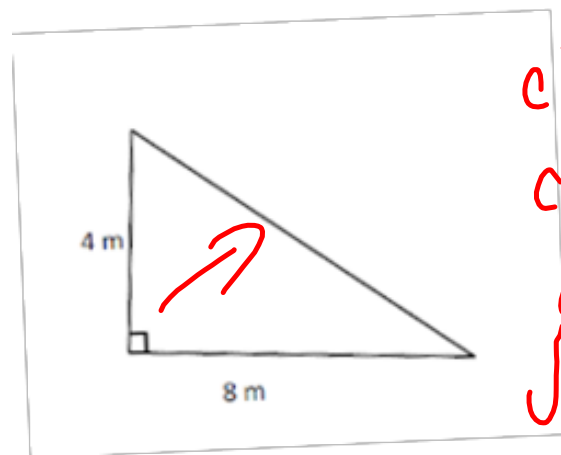


Find the hypoteneus

November 12, 2015



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$c^2 = 4^2 + 8^2$$

$$c^2 = 16 + 64$$

$$\sqrt{c^2} = \sqrt{80}$$

$$c = 8.9$$

To Find Surface Area...

Step 1 Draw the faces

Step 2 Find the area of each face

Step 3 Add the area of each face

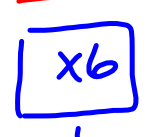
Surface Area of Composite Objects

A composite object is the result of combining one or more objects to make a new object



Number of Cubes	Surface Area (square units)
1	6 units ²
2	10 units ²
3	14 units ²
4	18 units ²
5	22 units ²

Surface Area of one cube



$$A = bh$$

$$= 1 \times 1$$

$$= 1$$

$$\times \frac{6 \text{ faces}}{6 \text{ units}^2}$$

***Each connection give a loss of two faces ***

Find the surface area.

Page 26 to find picture.



$x6$
 $A = bh$
 $= |x|$
 $= x6 \text{ faces}$

 6 units

of cubes x surface area of 1 cube

$$4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ units}$$

Surface area - # faces lost

$$24 - 6 = 18 \text{ units}^2$$

Page 30

#4



a) # of cubes \times SA of one cube
 $3 \times 6 = 18 \text{ units}^2$

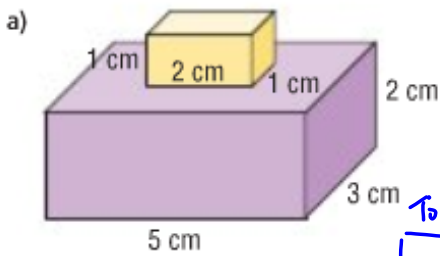
SA - # faces lost
 $18 - 4 = 14 \text{ units}^2$

b) # of cubes \times SA one cube
 $4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ units}^2$

SA - # faces lost
 $24 - 6 = 18 \text{ units}^2$

Page 31 #8 a)

8. Determine the surface area of each composite object.
 What effect does the overlap have on the calculation of the surface area?



TSA big

TSA for small

Front/Back	Top/Bottom	Sides
1cm $\times 2$	1 $\times 2$	1 $\times 2$
2cm	2	1
$A = bh$	$A = bh$	$A = bh$
$= 1 \times 2$	$= 2 \times 1$	$= 1 \times 1$
$= 2$	$= 2$	$= 1$
$\times 2$	$\times 2$	$\times 2$
4	4	2
	+	
		10cm ²

Top/Bottom	Front/Back	Sides
$\times 2$	$\times 2$	$\times 2$
3	2	2
5	5	3
$A = bh$	$A = bh$	$A = bh$
$= 5 \times 3$	$= 5 \times 2$	$= 3 \times 2$
$= 15$	$= 10$	$= 6$
$\times 2$	$\times 2$	$\times 2$
30	20	12
	+	
		TSA = 62

TSA small + Big
 $10 + 62 = 72 \text{ cm}^2$
 $- 4$ [lose bottom small twice]
 68 cm^2

Homework
Pg 30

4 c,d, e, f



cubes \times 6

SA - faces lost

Page 31

8 b

$\rightarrow 144 \text{ cm}^2$