1) $(+4) + (-9) = {}^-5$

2) $60 - 11 = 49$

3) ½ Of $42 = 21$

4) $9\,000 \div 100 = 90$

5) $50 \div 5 = 10$

6) $14 \times 100 = 1400$

7) $112 \times 2 = 224$

8) $3 \times 25 = 75$

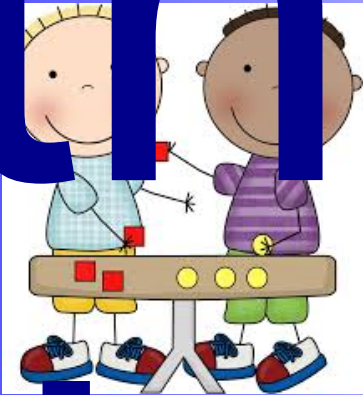9) What number is divisible by 4? a) 214 b) 216 c) 118
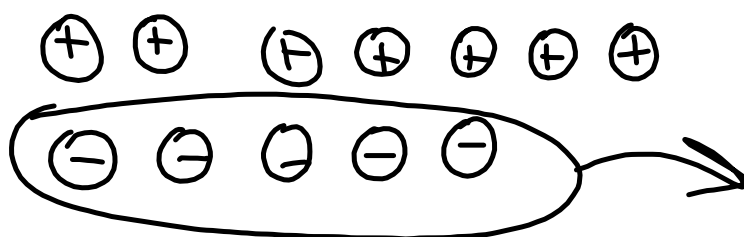
10) $275 \div 25 = 11$

Partners... BUT I pick

Connect

To use tiles to subtract integers, we model the first integer,
then take away the number of tiles indicated by the second integer.

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$$(^+2) - (-5) = {}^+7$$

$$(+) - (+)$$
$$(+) - (-)$$
$$(-) - (-)$$
$$(-) - (+)$$

Example

Use tiles to subtract.

a) $(-2) - (-6)$ b) $(-6) - (+2)$ c) $(+2) - (-6)$

A Solution
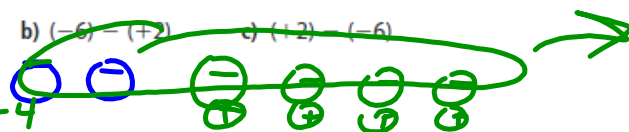
a) $(-2) - (-6)$ $= +4$

Model -2. 🟥 🟥

There are not enough tiles to take away -6.
To take away -6, we need 4 more red tiles.

We add zero pairs without changing the value.
Add 4 red tiles and 4 yellow tiles.

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Now take away 6 red tiles.

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Since 4 yellow tiles remain, we write: $(-2) - (-6) = +4$

b) $(-6) - (+2)$

Model -6.

There are no yellow tiles to take.
We need 2 yellow tiles to take away.

We add zero pairs.
Add 2 yellow tiles and 2 red tiles.

Now take away 2 yellow tiles.

Since 8 red tiles remain, we write: $(-6) - (+2) = -8$

c) $(+2) - (-6)$

Model $+2$. 🟨 🟨

There are no red tiles to take.
We need 6 red tiles to take away.

We add zero pairs.
Add 6 red tiles and 6 yellow tiles.

🟨 🟨 🟨 🟨 🟨 🟨 🟨 🟨
🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥

Now take away 6 red tiles.

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🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥 🟥

Since 8 yellow tiles remain, we write: $(+2) - (-6) = +8$

$(-6) - (+2) = -8$　　　　　　　　　　　$(+2) - (-6) = +8$

$4 - 2 = 2$
$2 - 4 =$

$(-6) + (-2) = -8$

$(-2) + (-6) = -8$

bang!

Notice the results in the *Example,* parts b and c.
When we reverse the order in which we subtract two integers,
the answer is the opposite integer.

$(-6) - (+2) = -8$
$(+2) - (-6) = +8$

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Practice

1. Use tiles to subtract. Draw pictures of the tiles you used.
   a) $(+7) - (+4)$ b) $(-2) - (-2)$ c) $(-9) - (-6)$
   d) $(+4) - (+2)$ e) $(-8) - (-1)$ f) $(+3) - (+3)$

2. Use tiles to subtract.
   a) $(-1) - (-4)$ b) $(+3) - (+8)$ c) $(-4) - (-11)$
   d) $(+7) - (+8)$ e) $(-4) - (-6)$ f) $(+1) - (+10)$

3. Subtract.
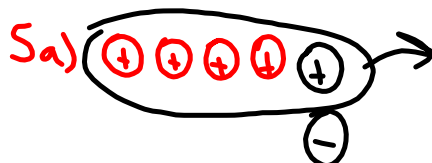   a) $(-4) - (-1)$ b) $(+8) - (+3)$ c) $(-11) - (-4)$
   d) $(+8) - (+7)$ e) $(-6) - (-4)$ f) $(+10) - (+1)$

4. Subtract. Write the subtraction equations.
   a) $(+4) - (-7)$ b) $(-2) - (+8)$ c) $(-9) - (+5)$
   d) $(+6) - (-8)$ e) $(-3) - (+6)$ f) $(-5) - (+7)$

5. Subtract.
   a) $(+4) - (+5)$ -1   b) $(-3) - (+5)$ c) $(-4) - (+3)$
   d) $(-1) - (-8)$ e) $(+8) - (-2)$ f) $(+4) - (-7)$

5a) ⊕ ⊕ ⊕ ⊕ ⊕ ⊖ →

$(-4) - (+7)$

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Q. 1-5

7, 8

10, 14

7. a) Use coloured tiles to subtract each pair of integers.
    i) $(+3) - (+1)$ and $(+1) - (+3)$
    ii) $(-3) - (-2)$ and $(-2) - (-3)$
    iii) $(+4) - (-3)$ and $(-3) - (+4)$
  b) What do you notice about each pair of questions in part a?

9. **Assessment Focus** Use integers.
Write a subtraction question that would give each answer.
How many questions can you write each time?
a) +2   b) −3   c) +5   d) −6

10. Which expression in each pair has the greater value?
Explain your reasoning.
  a) i) $(+3) - (-1)$ **ii)** $(-3) - (+1)$
  b) i) $(-4) - (-5)$ **ii)** $(+4) - (+5)$

11. Take It Further
  a) Find two integers with a sum of -1 and a difference of $+5$.
  b) Create and solve a similar integer question.

12. Take It Further Copy and complete.
  a) $(+4) - \square = +3$
  b) $(+3) - \square = -1$
  c) $\square - (+1) = +4$

14. Take It Further Here is a magic square.
  a) Subtract +4 from each entry.
     Is it still a magic square? Why?
  b) Subtract −1 from each entry.
     Is it still a magic square? Why?

0	+5	−2
−1	+1	+3
+4	−3	+2